Arafat due in New Delhi today

NEW DELHI (R) — Yasser Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), is due in New Delhi Tuesday for talks with Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi on the Middle East, a PLO representative said Monday. Faycal Aouidha, who heads the PLO minister in Delhi, dismissed speculation that Mr. Arafat's 24-hour visit was aimed at trying to win non-aligned support for his leadership following a mutiny in his Fateh guerrilla group. Mrs. Gandhi is chairman of the Non-Aligned Movement. Mr. Arafat, who is now in Saudi Arabia, has also visited Romania on a tour apparently designed in win Arab and Soviet bloc support in his dispute with the Fatch dissidents. Mr. Aouidha said Mr. Arafat's talks with Mrs. Gandhi were expected to centre on nonaligned efforts to resolve the Palestinian issue.

Volume 8 Number 2282 '

AMMAN, TUESDAY JUNE 7, 1983 — SHABAAN 25, 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Palestinian meeting to change venue

UNITED NATIONS (R) - A United Nations conference on Palestinian rights, originally due to be held in Paris, will be transferred to either Geneva or Vienna, an official of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said Monday. The PLO U.N. observer. Zehdi Terzi, told a press conference the meeting, set for Aug. 16 to 27, would take place on

Salem off to U.S.

BEIRUT (R) - Lebanese Foreign Minister Elie Salem left Beirut Monday on route for Washington and talks with U.S. officials on how to revive efforts to remove foreign forces from Lebanon. Officials said he would meet Secretary of State George Shultz, architect of a troop withdrawal agreement signed last month by Lebanon and Israel but rejected by Syria.

Accident kills UNIFIL soldier

BEIRUT (R) - A Dutch soldier serving with United Nations forces in southern Lebanon was killed Monday when a gun was discharged accidentally. U.N. officials said. He was serving with the I I-nation United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) which patrols the south.

Iraqi leader meets Romanian minister

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein met Romanian Interior Minister George Homostean Monday and discussed "bilateral relations between the two countries and means of further developing them," the Iraqi News Ageocy reported.

Bulgarian president starts Turkish visit

ANKARA (R) - Bulgarian President Todor Zhivkov arrived in Ankara Monday for a four-day official visit to discuss regional developments, Balkan cooperation and bilateral relations. Turkey's military ruler General Kenan Evren was at Ankara airport to greet Mr. Zhivkov, whose party included Foreign Minister Petar Mladenov and Foreign Trade Minister Christo Christov.

Turkey executes two

ANKARA (R) - Two Turkish right-wing extremists convicted of murdering four left-wingers during factional strife in 1979 have been executed in the Aegean city of Izmir, the semi-official Anatolian news agency said Monday. The two men were hanged in Izmir's Buca Prison early Sunday.

Papandreou to visit Spain in July

MADRID (R) - Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou is to pay an official visit to Spain from July 6 to 8 at the invitation of Spanish Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez, a Foreign Office spokesman said. The two leaders will discuss bilateral issues including Spain's entry into the European Community and its membership of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, he added.

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Detroit Grand Prix, page 6 Dollar surges, page 7 Iraq reports details of attempts on President Sad-

dam Hussein's life, page 8

Schools, businesses remain closed

Lebanese strike on invasion anniversary

BEIRUT (R) - Shops and schools closed in many parts of Lebanon Monday in a protest to mark the emotional first anniversary of Israel's invasion of the country.

Lebanese troops, fearing stu- reported two more attacks on the dent disturbances, moved armouted vehicles on to the tense campus of Beirut's American University and barred reporters

University officials said classes were suspended. Lebanese soldiers earlier broke up arguments between students over calls to boycon elasses, they said.

U.S. Marines, part of a fournation peace force in Beirut, reinforced their foot patrols in the poor southern suburbs in expectation of attacks, a Marine spokesman said.

An Israeli military spokesman said rocket-propelled grenades were fixed at Israeli positions Sunday night from Marine-patrolled areas of Beirut, but there were no casualties and the fire was not returned, the spokesman said,

Israelis-a car bomb in the southern market town of Nabativeh and the ambush of an Israeli patrol in the south.

Bin the Israeli spokesman said he had no knowledge of any such incidents.

Israeli units, which occupy the southern third of Lebanon, were on full alert Monday following a spate of guerrilla attacks in which 17 soldiers were killed last month.

Haddad in charge in south

Reuter correspondent Nazih Mustafa reported from the Israeli-occupied port of Sidon that shops and schools were closed in the major towns and villages of the

He said the Israeli-backed milmed, the spokesman said, itias of renegade Lebanese army Left-wing Murabitoun radio—Major Saad Haddad were in cha-

rge of the town Monday and a Haddad patrol was seen painting red signs on shops that closed. raising fears of reprisals against

Most shops, schools and offices remained closed in the Mediterranean coastal town in protest against the Israeli invasion of June 1982, and the subsequent devastation of the area by Israeli bombs, shells and rockets.

Maj. Haddad's distinctive grey-painted tanks and armoured vehicles were dug in behind sandbags and earth barricades outside key buildings and his men patrolled the streets.

The usual Israeli military vehieles, carrying soldiers to and from Israel to positions north of Sidon, regularly passed through the town but there was no sign of Israeli foot patrols which have become a common sight.

There were overflights by Isr-aeli jets but these, 100, are common place. A handful of Israeli soldiers

along with Maj. Haddad's men

(Continued on page 3)

Israeli Labour demands probe into Lebanon war

TEL AVIV (R) - The opposition Labour Party Monday called for an official inquiry into last year's . war in Lebanon as Israel marked the first anniversary of its invasion of the neighbouring state.

Justice Minister Mosbe Nisslm has rejected the idea of such an investigation, saying the conduct of the war was democratic with the cabinet approving all steps.

The Labour Party pressed for a Knesset (parliament) debate later this week on a motion calling for establishment of a state commission to investigate the government's conduct of the war.

Presenting the request, opposition whip Moshe Shahal said: "In light of the serious con-tradictions and revelations rec-ently made by ministers, an objective commission should investigate the facts and events in the government's conduct of the

Israel's front line northern Monday told a radio interviewer Israel could have conducted the war better if final goals had been determined from the start.

(Continued on page 3)

Soviet Jewish group says emigration figures juggled

group of prominent Soviet Jews process of family reunion was Monday accused Zionist groups of almost over and less people were juggling figures which show that being "lured by Zionist prolarge numbers of Jews wish to

leave the Soviet Union. Zivs, said.

Zivs said Zionist groups had undertaken a campaign of sending in false applications for visas to 1srael and figures for those wishing to leave were based on the number of these applications.

"Applications are sent in for people who have no relations in Israel and occasionally for nonexistent people," he said.

Jewish emigrants in the West claim the Soviet Union has stepped up anti-semitism in recent years, halting Jewish emigration and excluding Jews from Soviet institutional life.

Mr. Zivs said reasons for the fall

MOSCOW (Agencies) - A in Jewish emigration were that the

paganda." Western groups specialising in "We have faced this kind of Soviet Jewish emigration have juggling of figures all along." first said fewer than 2,700 Jews were deputy chairman of the Soviet allowed to emigrate from the Sov-Anti-Zionist Committee, Samuil iet Union last year, the lowest

number in 11 years. Speaking at a news conference Indicating that numbers of Jews on behalf of the committee. Mr. allowed to emigrate would remain low. Mr. Zivs added. "The absolute majority of those wishing to leave have taken the opportunity and left the country."

The Soviet Ann-Zionist Committee was formed in April with the aim of combatting the influence of foreign Jewish organisations in the Soviet Union.

Chairman of the committee, General David Dragunsky, told the news conference: "The time is now for us to make more concerted efforts to counter international Zionism and to rebuff the anti-Soviet campaigns it mou-

Rabat cautiously hopeful OAU can convene summit

ADDIS ABABA (R) - Morocco expressed eautious optimism Monday that the Organisation of African Unity's (OAU) ill-fated 19th summit conference would eventually take place in Addis Ababa after two aborted attempts to hold it in Libya last year.

The conference was scheduled to hold its formal opening session later Monday but conference sources did not expect it to get under way until a compromise solution emerged on the Western Sahara

Heads of delegation, including some 30 presidents, were locked in behind-the-seenes consultations aimed at avoiding a collapse of the 20-year-old pan-African body because of the thorny Western Saharan problem.

The OAU has been paralysed since the controversial admission in February 1982 of the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic (SADR) proclaimed by the Algerian-backed Polisario Front guerrilla movement fighting for the independence of the former Spanish Sahara claimed by Mor-

But Moroccan Foreign Minister Mohammad Boucetta indicated that Algeria, which has ranked among the staunchest supporters of the SADR membersbip, might have softened its stand.

He told Reuters Monday that as far as he knew supporters of both Algeria and Morocco were determined this time not to let the

(Continued on page 3)

Mubarak: Arabs help Israel's expansion

PARIS (R) - Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak was quoted Monday as saying that Arab countries were encouraging what he called Israeli expansionism in the Middle commander. General Amir Drori, East by helping to delay the withdrawal of Israeli troops from In an interview with the French

newspaper Le Figaro, Mr. Mubarak said that while Syria blocked an Israeli-Lebanese accord oo troop withdrawals, Israel was continuing to settle the West Bank and Gaza Strip, making its occupation of the areas irreversible.

"It seems to me that the problem created by the invasion of Lebanon is secondary compared to what is happening on the West

Bank," he said. Mr. Mubarak said the Syrians should-be persuaded to pull out of Lebanon. He added that he had been telling Arab states that "all the time you lose, by acting in such a way that the Israeli army delays its withdrawal, is used by Israel to create an irreversible situation on the West Bank and in Gaza. "We Arabs are not helping in any way to resolve the Palestinian problem any more than the Lebanese problem. All we are doing is encouraging Israeli expansionism."

Kaddoumi ends visit to Italy, heads for France

ROME (R) - Farouk Kaddoumi. head of the Political Department of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), left Rome for Paris Monday after a one-day stay in Italy in which he met Foreign Ministry officials.

Mr. Kaddoumi said he discussed the Israeli military presence in Lebanon, Palestinian rights in that country and the search for an all-round Middle East

He was accompanied to the airport by PLO representative Nemer Haddad and Monsignor Hilarion Capucci, apostolic visitor for Greek Melcbite Catholics in Western Europe. Mr. Kaddoumi will meet French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson in Paris and fly to Damascus on Thursday.

On bis arrival in Rome Sunday the PLO leader said reports of fig- that the Soviet Uoion would retin Lebanon had been exaggerated U.S. medium-range nuclear misand did not amount to upheaval siles in Western Europe with new within the organisation.

His Majesty King Hussein, who returned to Amman Monday after

visits to Baghdad and Abu Dhabi, is received at the airport by Her Majesty Queen Noor and Prince Hamzeh (Petra photo)

King returns after talks in Baghdad, Abu Dhabi

AMMAN (Agencies) - His Maj- Lebanese crisis, the Palestinian esty King Hussein returned home Monday from Abu Dhabi at the end of a three-day visit which took him to Iraq and the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

King Hussein held talks with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein in Baghdad and UAE President Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayyan in Abu Dhabi on the overall situation in the Arab World, and the "nature of the challenges facing the Arab Nation." the Jordanian News Agency, Petra. said.

made to end the war was also made." Petra said.

with the Iraqi and UAE leaders with him.

the hour in the area and the mil- aires in Amman. itary situation on the Iran-Iraq The delegation. war front as well as the efforts

King Hussein also discussed

Iraq and the UAE. Petra said. The King was met on arrival at Amman Airport by Her Majesty

issue and Jordan's relations with

Oueen Noor. His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Tarawneh, National Consultative Council Speaker Suleiman Arar, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, Armed Forces Commanderin-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, senior officials, and the "An assessment of the issues of Iraqi and the UAE charge d'aff-

> ompanied the King on the visits. including Prime Minister Mudar Badran and Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi, returned home

Arab leaders move to end Fateh mutiny

DAMASCUS (R) - Radical and the PLO's differences. conservative Arab states, and the Arab League's secretary-general, all attempted to stop the in-fighting in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Monday in a flurry of diplomatie

activity in Damascus. President Chadli Benjedid of Algeria saw a delegation from Yasser Arafat's troubled mainstream Fatch group and George Habash. leader of the militant Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP). PLO sources

Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Abdullah Ibn Abdul Aziz stressed the importance of Palestinian unity in a meeting with the speaker of the PLO's parliament-in-exile. according to the Palestinian news agency WAFA.

In separate talks. Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi. also on a mission to Damascus. met hardliners opposed to Mr. Arafat's moderate policies. PLO sources said.

Mr. Habash, one of the PLO's top ideologists, told reporters after meeting the Algerian president that they talked about ways to heal the current rift in Fatch and the PLO "without resorting to

in a statement released later. Mr. Habash said he proposed a meeting between the Central Committee of Fateh and other commando factions to help settle

He said he made the suggestion in meetings both with the Algerian

president and Mr. Klibi. The aim of this idea was to maintain "democratic dialogue and non-use of military action to ensure internal reform, whether within Fatch or the PLO as a whole,"

Mr. Habash added.
The dissidents, who began their rebellion last month, have attacked Mr. Arafat as being too moderate and want an armed struggle against Israel. They have called for the abandonment of President Reagan's Middle East, peace plan and other such peace moves.

The Algerian president Sunday night described the split as regretiable and pledged to help the Palestinians unite.

Until now most Arab leaders have stayed silent on the PLO's troubles--apart from Libya's Col. Muammar Qadhafi who has praised the dissidents and given them full support.

Col. Qadhafi has been blamed by Mr. Arafat for stirring up the revolt, which claimed several killed and many wounded when the rival groups elashed in eastern Lebanon last weekend. In a move believed to be con-

nected to the Fateh split. Romanian Foreign Minister Stefan Andrei arrived in Damascus

(Continued on page 3)

Arafat, Fahd hold talks

JEDDAH (R) - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat Monday discussed the Middle East situation and developments in the region. the Saudi Press Agency said.

It said the meeting was attended by Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal and the PLO representative in Saudi Arabia, Rafiq Al Natshe, but eave no other de

ails.

threatening his leadership.

King Fahd last week called on
the rebellious leaders to settle their differences and unify their

Earlier Monday, Mr. Arafat told a meeting of about 200 Palestinians that the PLO would continue to fight for the independence of Palestinian decision-making.

Mr. Arafat's trips appeared designed to win support for his policy It was expected, however, that against the dissidents in the mov-Mr. Arafat would have briefed the ement, who are demanding a tou-Saudi monarch on a four-week old gher political stand and armed strmutiny in his Fatch guerrilla group uggle against Israel.

Rydbeck alarmed over refugees' safety

VIENNA (R) — A senior United based U.N. Relief and Works more security for the refugees. Nations official said Monday he was greatly concerned about the security of Palestinian refugees in Lebanon and that relief work there was still suffering from last

year's Israeli invasion. More than 30 refugees had been killed since January, some by unidentified armed groups. Olof

Rydbeck, head of the Vienna-

Agency (UNRWA) told Reuters. Since January and February there has been an alarming development with many killings and harassment," said Mr. Rydbeck. who returned from visits to Leb-

anon and Syria last month. An UNRWA spokesman said the agency had appealed to the Israeli government last week for

Some 238,000 Palestinians are registered with UNRWA in Lebanon but there are probably another 100,000 unregistered ref-ugees there, Mr. Rydbeck said. calling attention to the damage done to UNRWA's activities by the invasion last June.

(Continued on page 3)

Iraq issues new warning to foreign shipping in Gulf

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq has issued a new warning to shipping and armed forces will be practised insurance companies that it will destroy any vessel sailing in the due to Iran's continuous agg-Gulf region the Baghdad gov- ression on Iraq and its bomernment considers to be a war bardment of Iraqi civilians and zone, the Iraqi News Agency economic installations." Secretary IINA) said Monday.

It said the warning was included in a memorandum from the secretary of the Iraqi Council for the Marine Environment to the Regof the Marine Environment based

even more severely than before. Abdul Haq Sherif Al Tawil said.

He appealed to the regional organisation to warn marine and insurance companies against allional Organisation for Protection owing ships and tankers to enter the war zone at the head of the Gulf.

Kremlin ready to discuss making Baltic nuclear-free

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet leader and United States territory. Yuri Andropov said Monday the Kremlin would be prepared to discuss turning the Baltic Sea into a nuclear weapons-free zone il Scandinavian countries barred atomie

weapons from their territories. The offer, made at a speech in honour of visiting President-Mauno Koivisto of Finland, implied that Moscow would be ready to negotiate a pledge to keep its nuclear-armed submarines out of

the area. In his address Mr. Andropov also repeated a Kremlin warning hting between rival PLO factions aliate against the deployment of weapons threatening both Europe

Mr. Andropov's offer to discuss making the Baltic a nuclear-free zone marked a new step in Moscow's efforts to invigorate a longstanding Finnish proposal for an atomic-free region covering all the Nordic states.

Norway and Denmark, which are both members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) alliance, have been cool towards the idea. Critics in all the Nordic states

have pointed to the Soviet Union's refusal to include its own northern territories adjacent to Norway and Finland.

Moscow-Helsinki treaty signed,

Soviet ship 'wrecked'

MOSCOW (R) - A Soviet passenger ship was involved in a serious accident on the Volga River Sunday in which many of those on board were killed, according to a government statement Monday. The statement, carried by state

television, named the vessel as the Alexander Suvorov and said only that the accident had occurred near the town of Ulyanovsk and had "caused human casualties." But the unusual nature of the announcement and the fact that a

very high-level government com-

mission was formed to investigate the accident made clear that the death toll must have been high. The statement said the government was taking measures to help the families of all those who were killed and "liquidate the

remains of the accident." Announcements of Soviet accidents invariably refer to aid being given to the injured as well, and the omission from the statement suggested that all those on board

the ship had been killed. The statement gave no indication of what had happened to the ship, although the fact that there was no reference to it sinking suggested that something such as a fire or explosion may have occurred.

The English-language service of the TASS news agency said in a later report that the ship had been "wrecked" but also gave no further details.

The Volga River is several kilometres wide at Ulyanovsk, which is the birthplace of Lenin.

Libyan envoy shot

hotel.

BEIRUT (R) - Libya's charge d'affaires in Lebanon was reporied in "stable" condition Monday after being shot six times at point-blank range in a Beirut

Eyewitnesses said the envoy. Abdul Kader Ghoqa, had walked into the Napoleon Hotel just off busy Hamra Street late Sunday night and was picking up his room key when a well-dressed young man fired eight shots at him. Only two of the bullets missed. Security sources said the alleged gunman. Khaled Osman Alwan.

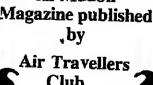
urity men raided his home in west Beirut. They said Mr. Alwan had confessed to the shooting and the investigation was continuing. The Beirus radio said Mr. Ghoqa was still in the intensive care unit at the American Uni-

was arrested at dawn when sec-

versity Hospital. An organisation calling itself the "Front for the Liberation of Lebanon from Foreigners" telephoned a news agency in Beirut and claimed responsibility for the anack.

The group, which has claimed responsibility for a series ol attacks and bombings in the past. said it had also undertaken to "rid the world of Libyan leader Col. Muammar Oadhafi."





Club...

FEATURES

Egyptian Arab horses are the best in the world

By Liz Thurgood

He who possesses an Arabian mare and cares for her generously, God would in turn be generous to him. But he who mistreats his mare, God would likewise punish him Prophet Mohammad

Few people are more devoted to their horses than the Egyptians. whose government is providing £E 200,000 (\$244,000) a year to preserve and refine what is becoming widely known as the Egyptian Arab.

The bloodstock venture is supervised by the Egyptian Agricultural Oranisation (EAO). which is affiliated to the Agriculture Ministry. It is based at El-Zahraa, just north of Cairo. where some of the world's finest Arabs -- all dish-faced, with flared nostrils and tails carried high -- can be found living in paddocks and stables covering 65 feddans (155 hectares). The horses eat a total of seven tons of clover a day and five kilos each of dried barley, maize and soya cake with added

vitamins and minerals.

What makes the Egyptian Arab so special, says senior EAO official and chief veterinary officer Khalil Soliman, is its refinement, delicate bone structure and rounder eye. An EAO Arab can be recognised by an official marking which is freeze-branded on the neck, just under the mane.

Egyptians sniff at their neighbours' attempts to raise fine horses. Saudi Arabia, they say where the Arabian originated in Najd -- is more interested in Cadillacs and Mercedes, while the horses in Jordan's royal stables are described as coarse, heavy-boned and possibly of mixed blood. One exception, the Egyptians concede. is Bahrain.

The horse has a long and venerated history in Egypt. Tomb paintings and inscriptions show that the pharaohs used borses as early as 1580 B.C., but it was not until the early nineteenth century that any serious effort was made to refine the Egyptian Arab.

The 250 horses -- 30 stallions, 110 brood mares and assorted youngsters - at El Zahraa ali year that any Arab horses from abroad were introduced to what was then the royal stables.

Pride of place at El Zahraa goes to Ikhnatoun and the 13-year-old Akhtal, two priceless grey/white stallions who have sired only 25 offspring between them. Their yearlings can fetch as much as \$70,000 on the international mar-

Surplus colts and fillies are auctioned off every May. Most go to local raceborse owners because, despite its small size - between 14.2 and 15.3 hands - the horse has excellent stamina. Those born with defects - about one in every two or three years - are put

Although EAO's priority is to preserve the breed, 30-35 Egyptian Arabs are exported annually, mostly to the Americas, West Europe and Australia. Depending on the age and pedigree of the horses sold, exports earn EAO between \$500,000-1 millioo a year. Because of African horse disease, the U.K. places severe

have Egyptian pedigrees dating back to 1898. This was the last ptian Arabs — the horses must ptian Arabs - the horses must remain in quarantine for six months in Europe and a further two months in the U.K. Others find their way abroad as gifts.

Although EAO does not regard the Middle East as a serious market, the Moroccan government bought four mares in 1965, and the Tunisians five mares and sta-llions in 1979. A year later a Saudi Arabian prince bought three stallions for his private stud.

Stud fees at El Zahraa range from £E 1 (\$1.20)-£E 50 (\$61). The EAO bas a further 30 stallions at farms throughout the country where any farmer or breeder — or simply admirer — can have a mare covered free of cha-

Arabs generally prefer the grey/white Egyptian Arab, while foreigners go for bays or che-stnuts. A black is rare: black Arab horses traditionally found little favour in desert warfare where they provided easy targets for the

-- MEED Some of the world's finest horses are found in El-Zahraa, north of Cairo (MEED photo).



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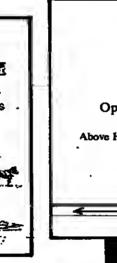
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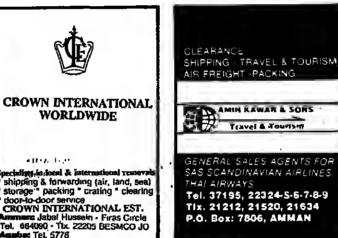


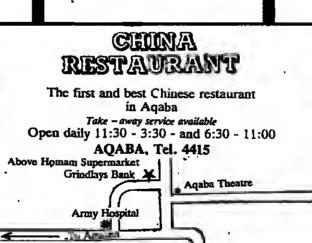


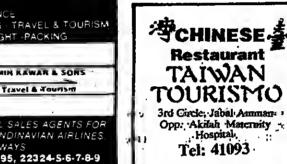












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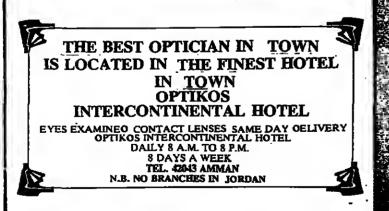


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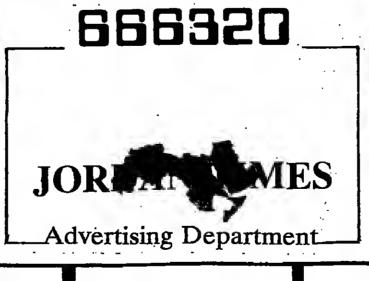




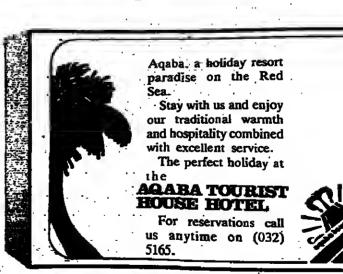
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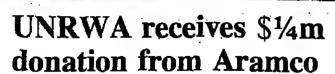












AMMAN (J.T.) — The Director of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for Palestine refugees has received a cheque for \$250,000 from the Donation Committee of the Ara-(Aramco) as its 1983 con-

Of this amount, \$70,000 is specifically for professional university training, \$85,000 is carmarked for vocational training while \$85,000 bian American Oil Company is for use on other UNRWA pro-

Momani aids Madaba estate

MADABA (Petra) — Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani agreed Monday to grant a JD 500,000 loan to the Madaba municipality to finance the first stage of a new industrial estate in

The project, which is to cost over JD I million, will provide centralised services for those working in the area. The first stage will include the building of 150 shops, and the expected annual revenues will reach around JD 150.000.

Food show invite received

AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman Chamber of Commerce Monday received an invitation to attend the Arab food industry exhibition. which will be held in Sharjah on Nov. 11. The products of intemational companies specialised in the production of foodstuff machines and equipment will be on show during the exhibition.

(Continued from page 1)

continued to man roadblocks for

security checks on the outskirts of

the town, particularly at the Awali

Beirut is the only part of the

country controlled by the gov-

ernment of President Amin Gem-

ayel, who is looking to U.S. dip-

lomacy to rid his country of Israeli.

widen the deep differences in the

country over the Israeli invasion.

has scheduled no activities to

Mr. Gemayel careful not to

Syrian and Palestinian forces.

River just to the north.

The chamber has notified the relevant local Jordanian companies registered with it of the details.

The exhibition will be organised by the Arab Union of Foodstuff Industries in cooperation with the Federation of the United Arab Emirates Chambers of Commerce

There were no reports of any

strikes in the strongholds of the

right-wing Christians in east Bei-

rui and the affluent towns along

The rightists are Israel's closest

allies in Lebanon and say the Isr-

aelis did Lebanon a "service" by

forcing their common foe, the Pal-

estine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) guerrillas, to withdraw

In the Syrian-controlled areas

of north and east Lebanon. all

shops were closed, according to

the coastline to the north.

from Beirut last summer.

Central Bank moves to stimulate economy

Bank of Jordan has decided to alling JD 1.200 million, an extra reduce the mandatory reserves for ID 12 million will be freed by the banks on current and savings acc- central bank. ounts by one per cent. thereby freeing part of the banks' funds deposited at the central bank without interest. Al Ra'i economic editor reported Monday.

Jein 1:10

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Central commercial banks at present tot-

This indicates that the central bank is following an expansionist monetary policy with the aim of activating all sectors of the eco-With deposits at the Jordanian nomy. Al Ra'i editor said.

SALT (Petra) - A new health directorate. centre was officially opened Monday in Al Jawfah area in southero by the Balga Governorate health Burga.

Meanwhile, the directorate has

Labour law seminar ends

was concluded in Ramiha Mon-

ponding to a strike call from the

two leading pro-Syrian politicians

there, former President Suleiman

Franjieh and ex-Prime Minister

Both sre major figures in a front

of mainly leftist parties which have

joined Syria in rejecting the Beirut

government's Israeli troop wit-

hdrawal accord, signed on May

17. They say it harms Lebanese

Shi ite leaders asked their fol-

(Contloued from page 1)

restored and most of the health

services were running smoothly.

less destroyed." he said.

lowers, estimated to be Lebanon's

Rashid Karami,

and Arab security.

listened to lectures and talks on education courses in other disthe country's labour laws and reg-tricts in the Irbid Governorate. ebanese strike on invasion anniversary

rmacy graduates to practise their profession, they must gain permission from the Ministry of Health, be a registered member of the Jordanian Pharmacist Association and finally must have worked for

the ministry for at least two years. These amendments, as the draft law explains, were motivated by a deficiency in the number of pharmacists working for the Ministry of I ealth. The draft law, however, states that a graduate will be exempt from serving in the Ministry of Health if he or she has not been appointed to a post in the ministry within three months of

The council then listened to a variety of suggestions submitted hy its members on a number of

obtaining a practioner's licence.

A recommendation that foreign pointed out the urgency of acting workers should not be allowed to enter Jordan except through organised and licensed working age- is the city of Madaba.

Former dean of the faculty of new was made by Khaled Abdul is Seven victims, they stated. literature Dr. Mahmoud Ibrahim

foreign building company restrictions among whom two were children. istry spokesman replied that new have drowned in the falls. The · regulations for the Amman Chamembers took up three suggested mber of Commerce are being presolutions already proposed by the pared on the basis of sectoral rep-Public Safety Committee in Madresentation. These regulations, it aba. The first was to fence off the added, will be applicable to chawhole area, the second to erect mbers throughout the country.

NCC members demand labour import,

By Lamis K. Andoni

AMMAN - The National Consultative Council

(NCC) met for a brief session Monday, in which its

members submitted suggested amendments to the

laws relating to the importation of foreign labour,

and regulations governing the activities of foreign

The NCC began by postponing Nabi. Mr. Abdul Nabi noted the

number of foreign workers had

increased and claimed that his

suggestion aimed at both gua-

ranteeing the rights of these exi-

sting workers while safeguarding

both the country's security and its

Mamdouh Abu Hassan sugges-

ted a reassessment of the policy

that allows foreign firms to work

in Jordan, and to review "the basis

and qualifications on which a for-

eign company is granted per-mission to work in the country."

Mr. Abu Hassan explained that

the economic future of national

construction companies had been

endangered by competition from

toreign companies which often

obtain support from their gov-

companies are being awarded con-

tracts due to their low prices hut at

the expense of our national int-

To solve this problem Mr. Abu

Hassan submitted a number of

suggested amendments aimed at

regulating the acceptance of for-

eign construction companies in

tayour of national companies.

More specifically he proposed a

new method of reassessment and

qualifications on which lenders

should be evaluated and accepted:

that road construction projects

should be awarded only to nat-

ional companies; and that the

paris of big contract awards that

do not require a high degree of

skill and experience should be

implemented by national con-tractors, Samih Al Farah, Khaled

Abdul Nabi and Ali Abu Rbeiha

He pointed out that "foreign

ernments.

rest.

construction firms in Jordan.

a scheduled discussion of the cou-

ntry's agricultural policy until

Tuesday. The decision was made

because cabinet members and

NCC speaker Suleiman Arar had

to leave the chamber for the air-

port in order to meet His Majesty

King Hussein who was arriving

Mr. Arar said that a special ext-

raordinary session would be con-

vened Tuesday to discuss a report

submitted last week by Minister of

Agriculture Marwan Dudin on the

During the session, a draft ame-

ndment to the law governing the

establishment of pharmacies was

referred to the council's Legal

were formulated by the cabinet.

stipulate that, in order for pha-

The new amendments, which

from Abu Dhabi.

agricultural policy.

Committee.

nteracting the currents. The third solution, the members stated, is advocated as the best by the Public Safety Committee in Madaba.

warning signs near the dangerous

areas and finally the third was to

dynamite the falls area thus cou-

They further suggested that if the cabinet opted for the third allernative, the task should be carried out by the Royal Engineering Corps of the Jordanian Armed Forces. These suggestions were

iner replies to proposals made at previous sessions of the NCC by two of its members. Mr. Hani Abu Hijleh had suggested the application of sectoral representative in the chamber of commerce clections. A Industry and Trade Min-

distributing information bulletins to Jordanian embassies which, in its turo, can send them to the student nationals

A Ministry of Information spo-

kesman then replied to Dr.

Kana an's suggestion that a pub-

lication to include news of Jordan

should be sent to Jordanian stu-

The ministry replied that this

requires a knowledge of the num-

ber of Jordanian students abroad

and their addresses, neither of

which are available. Such a task.

the reply added, would demand

the opening of information offices

dents abroad.

in the countries taking students referred to the government. trom Jordan which is also not pos-The council also listened to cabsible due to lack of sufficient funds. The ministry stated that it is going to study the possibility of

U. of J. makes new appointments

AMMAN (J.T.) - The board of trustees of the University of Jordan has decided to appoint Dr. Mahmoud Al Samra as dean of the faculty of literature, in addition to his post as university vicepresident for scientific research and higher studies, the local press reported Monday.

The board also decided to apppint Dr. Abdul Wahhab Al Burullusi as dean of the faculty of medicine in addition to his post as university vice-president for medical affairs, Dr. Fawzi Ghraybeh as dean of the faculty of economics and commerce, and Dr. Wadi Sharayheh as dean of summer stu-

The board also decided to accept the resignation of Dr. Abdul Latil Al Badri from his post as dean of the faculty of medicine.

has been granted leave from his post to devote his time to research.

Abu Odeh appoints new Petra head

AMMAN (Petra) - Information Minister Adnan Abu Odch Monday approved the appointment of the head of the technical department at the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, Salim Al Dabougi as technical adviser to the Arab Broadcasting Union (ABU) on a part-time basis.

Meanwhile Petra Director-General Jawad Maragah received a letter from his counterpart at the ABU expressing thanks to Petra for the efforts Mr. Dabougi when he chaired a meeting of the ABU technical committee when it convened recently in Rome.

S. Shunah health centre opens

Shunah. It has been equipped with also opened two health and matfurniture and clinical equipment ernity centres in the village of

IRBID (Petra) - The sixth labour ulations, as well as those relating education programme to be held to social security and safety at in the north of the country in 1983 work.

Director of the Labour Edu-

day. During the 11t-day course, 3t) cation Institute in Irbid. Abdul participants from labour ent- Aziz Al-Shuyukh, said the inserprises in the district of Ramtha titute plans to hold more labour

Traders in the north were res-Monday as a "day of mourning", and in Beirut the strike was most marked in Shi ite areas. Lebanon's parliament mea-

nwhile began dehating the Israeli pullout accord in committee-its first move towards endorsing it. The single-chamber assembly is expected to spend several days discussing the document. Syrian rejection has made the

agreement a dead letter, but officials say they are still keen to have it ratified in the hope that Arah and U.S. diplomacy can modify

mark the anniversary. reports from the area. largest religious group, to mark the Syrian position. **Boucetta hopeful of summit** Rydbeck voices concern

(Continued from page 1)

"It would have been possible to conduct the war laster and to use certain means to reach targets without a battle, or with almost no battles," Gen. Drori said.

Israel began its invasion of Lebanon on June 6. 1982. as a limited operation to push Palestinian guerrillas out of shelling range of Israeli border settlements and create a 40-45 kilometre "security zone" in South Lebanon.

Press reports have since said that then-Defence Minister Ariel Sharon and then-Chief of Staff Rafael Eitan misled the cabinet to gain approval for a wider war that led to figbong between Syrian and Israeli troops in Lebanon's Bekaa

Several members of groups that support the government coalition back the holding of an inquiry.

Minister Yitzhak Berman, who

After the 1973 Middle East war, a state inquiry found serious faults in Israeli defences but cleared the government of direct res-

(Continued from page I) issue lead to a terminal breakup of Africa's only forum and the world's largest regional grouping. 'There is a willingness on both

sides not to let the threat of a breakup hang on the organisation." Mr. Boucetta said-

ermined to take its seat at the mee-

On Monday, in the Israelioccupied West Bank, security forces imposed a curfew for the second straight day on the central market area of Nablus and several nearby refugee camps to dis-courage anti-Israeli protests.

Labour demands probe

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The SADR's foreign minister.

Ibrahim Hakim, told Reuters Sunday his government was det-

conference sources said-

They include former Energy

resigned the post last year after initial cabinet refusal to set up a similar commission on the massacre of Palestinian refugees in

advisers visit the prisoners but Isr-

away, from both opponents and some of its allies, on the Polisario delegation led by guerrilla leader Mohammad Abdul Aziz.

All heads of delegation were expected to meet informally to find a compromise formula which some delegates predicted might involve the SADR's "voluntary" abstention from the session in retura for a postponement of any discussion on its disputed membership.

ael has not responded to the req-

Mr. Rydbeck said.

after the invasion to provide lood. Schools destroyed, camps desclothing, tents, cooking gear and troyed - all that had been groother aids. These have reached wing up over 32 years was more or about 180,000 refugees in Lebanon and annther 6,000 who fled But Mr. Rydbeck noted that the to Syria, Mr. Rydbeck said, and education programme for 35,000 has cost the agency \$511 million so Palestinian children was almost

Housing was now a major worry for the Palestinians as the camps "Conditions are far from back were too small and have had to be to where they were before the war. rebuilt. Mr. Rydbeck said.

but I am reasonably convinced In southern Lebanon, hospitals that given all the constraints we also posed a problem as UNRWA are doing as good a job as we can." was trying to replace a comprehensive health service run by He said about 60 UNRWA staff the Palestine Red Crescent which workers were still being detained was destroyed in the invasion. by the Israelis and another 12 held

UNRWA has no mandate to by the Lebanese government. protect refugees but Mr. Rydbeck said he was in no doubt about their 'moral obligation' to do so.

Working relations with Israel uest. Were reasonably good and both Syria and the PLO had given the gramme was set up immediately agency much support he added.

Arabs move to end revolt

(Continued from page I)

Lebanon has agreed to let legal

Monday and met Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam. later left for Baghdad. Romania was the first stop on

Mr. Arafat's tour of East European and Arab countries. The official Syrian news agency SANA said the two foreign ministers discussed "latest developments in the region and bilateral relations.

Saudi Arabia's Prince Abdullah The prince has already visited

Libya and is due later in Jordan on a tour reported to be aimed at finding ways out of the impasse over Israeli troop withdrawal from Lebanon.

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Caring little, too late

PHILIP Habib, the U.S. special envoy to the Middle East, was Sunday quoted as saying that the defeat of Yasser Arafat by his opponents in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) would not improve the prospects for Middle East peace and stability. The organisation would become more radical if the PLO chairman lost, Mr. Habib told reporters in Los Angeles, where he was that day to address a luncheon in aid of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem.

We do not know if the U.S. envoy will be coming back to this area after he participates in those meetings that America's top policy makers are holding in Washington this week to review or reassess the situation in the Middle East in general and the question of Lebanon in particular. But if he does return, we should be asking him what it is that his government has not done to undermine Palestinian moderation, as clearly represented by Mr. Arafat, and strengthen the hands of the rad-

Those Arab officials to whom Mr. Habib may talk, if and when he is sent back to the region, may not want to make life difficult for him by asking too many or awesome questions on the split in Fateh, since the man apparently has never met or talked directly to a PLO official. They should, however, be asking why the special envoy, who rarely said something in public during many months of shuttle diplomacy in the Middle East, should now go public in warning against a defeat for Mr. Arafat, when such a move could well be more detrimental to the PLO leadership than anything the U.S. has or has not done to prop up Palestinian moderation in the past. The U.S. should also be asked to look at its own policies which played a big role in fuelling the radical-moderate split in the PLO, and at the course of action Washington is now willing to take to avoid further radicalisation in both the Palestinian and Arab camps.

It is high time for the Americans to try and understand that moderation in the Middle East is daily being lost as a direct result of their own failure to grasp the basic issue of addressing the Palestine problem to the Palestinians directly.

Unless that happens, we say, and soon, the U.S. will find itself looking for a much lesser role to play and a heavier, somewhat more burdensome, debt to pay.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Arbitration not arms

IT seems that the split in the ranks of the Palestinian resistance forces has widened and that those who tried to thwart the Palestinians' independence of action have ignored all appeals to stop interfering so that peaceful arbitration can be introduced. Needless to say, splitting the ranks of the Palestinian resistance is one of Israel's main objectives while undermining the political and military role of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is likewise an American target. Thus we simply do not know what gains any Arab regime could achieve by splitting the PLO and, consequently, satisfying Israeli

We realise that differences of opinion in any organisation is incvitable. But we cannot see how such differences can possibly be settled by force of arms, which is spilling Palestinian and Arab blood only metres away from the Israeli military position. It is naturally not difficult to point an accusing finger at the perpetrators of these incidents. Indeed the facts are well known. Nevertheless, we know that pointing such a finger will only complicate the situation rather than facilitating a settlement. We only hope that the pursuasion of reason and rationality will win out in the end, and that Palestinian unity will be saved before it is too late.

Al Dustour: King sets unity example

ARAB disunity is reaching a point where Arabs are even resorting to violence against one another, while Israel is using its military superiority to commit further aggression against our kinsmen in the occupied territories. Under the present difficult circumstances which the Arah Nation is passing through, some of us might be tempted to act with indifference towards the daily changes which Israel is imposing on our brothers in the occupied territories. However, His Majesty King Hussein continues to articulate the feelings of his nation and shoulders his historic responsibility both on the domestic and pan-Arab levels. Consequently, King Hussein took the initiative to make a series of quick visits and meetings with a number of Arab leaders to explain Jordan's views in relation to these challenges and the overall Arab situation.

Arab cooperation is essential under any circumstances. But we are most in need of such coordination at present because of the threats against us, and the extent of the division in the Arab World. Thus King Husseio's visits are significant because his goal is a coordination and consultation which will attain a unified and effective Arab approach capable of neutralising every threat against the Arabs. The situation in Lehanon, in the occupied Arab territories and in the Iraq-Iran war with all its blood-letting, dictate that the Arabs should unify their ranks; for the price of such a failure will be horrendous both for us and future geogrations.

Sawt Al Shaab. Divisions perpetuate strife

HIS Majesty King Hussein's visit to Iraq and the United Arab Emirates is part of Jordan's effort to coordinate an Arab search for a solution to the Gulf war, the Lebanese crisis and the Israeli policy on the occupied Arab territories: The deteriorating position of the Arabs need to be dealt with responsibly, and a thorough consideration by Arab leaders of the conditions prevailing in the region is the only way to extricate us from such a threatened position.

Protecting Iraqi territory. and guaranteeing Lebanon's independence are issues that cannot be tackled satisfactorily unless the whole Arab Nation uses its combined energy to support Iraq and Lebanon. To date Arab divisions have proved just as futile in the Gulf war as they have been in relation to Lebanon.

The present Jordanian moves and the actions of Saudi Arabia. it is hoped will break the ice in relation to inter-Arab relations. It is only regrettable that the post-Fez era has not witnessed any progress in Arab solidarity. The unanimous decisions taken at Fez have remained ineffective due to present Arab situation, and it is hoped that bilateral and multilateral contacts will lead to a better climate and more cooperative climate in the Arab World.

The deeper debate goes on

By Rami G. Khouri

If you've been reading the news for the past two weeks, you will have appreciated that there appears to be a problem within the ranks of Fatel, the largest and most important pol-itical group within the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Press reports have talked about "the beginning of the end" for Mr. Yasser Arafat's position at the head of the PLO, while others treat the 'mutiny' within Fateh as a much less important matter. 1 am intrigued, for starters, by the double standard that the West sets in reporting Palestinian affairs. When members of the British Labour Party break away from their party and set up a new Social Democratic Parry, this is hailed as a timely example of the vibrant state of British democracy and political pluralism. When Congressman John Anderson ran for the presidency of the United States as an independent candidate in 1980, he was hailed as offering a "third choice" to the American people. When Jacques Chirac of France set up a new centreright political grouping to challenge the traditional strength of the Gaullists, he was hailed

as a courageous leader who

enriches the political landscape of France. But when some people within Fateh promote a political line that differs from that of Mr. Arafat, they are mentioned in the context of a mutiny and a rebellion, and the debate shifts to the end of Mr. Arafat's rule or the break-up of the PLO as we know it. This is unfortunate and unhelpful. particularly at a time when the West needs to understand better the workings of Arab ins-

A far more sober analysis is required if the true significance of the current effervescene within Fateh is to be appreciated for what it really is. I would add the following points to the discussion:

1. There has always been an active "left wing" within Fateh. but it has traditionally relied more on political action within the ranks of the organisation than on public action on a regional or international level. Because the world has not heard much from the left wing of Fatch does not mean it never existed. When it suddenly raises its head, it is hranded a mutiny or a rebellion. when in reality it is only a more public expression of views that have always been presented within the councils of Fateh and the PLO at large. It is important to remember that the left within Futeh was the group that effectively blocked a Jordan-PLO agreement in early April on a joint response to the Reagan initiative. As such, the Fateh leftists have very recently indicated their strength. When they go public, they are not necessarily rebelling. They are. simply, going public.

2. Probably the main reason

that this incident has taken place now is that the PLO finds itself in an awkward and frustrating situation after its departure from Beirut and South Lebanon. There is growing concern among the Palestinian community as a whole about the lack of progress on the political front, and parallel concern that the poliocal capital the PLO fighting forces built up in Beirut has not been adequately translated into tangible gains. By going public, the left wing of Fateh has given open expression to this frustration and has served notice that many people within Fateh and within the Palestinian community as a whole are not prepared to sit on their hands for-

3. The left wing of Fateb has expressed a desire to continue the "armed struggle against Israel". While everybody realises that Palestinian military activity against Israel will not in itself bring the Israeli state to its knees, there is nevertheless an important if intangible psychological element that rides along with the continuation of "the armed struggle". This relates almost totally to an expression of the Palestinian will to continue fighting for a political entity, preferably a state (and a state confederated with Jordan, according to the recent decision of the Palestine National Council the highest decision-making body of the Palestinian people). Western observers should not write off the Palestinian rhetoric of armed struggle as quickly as they do. In the same manner that the American revolutionary forces under General George Washington maintained their military struggle against the army of England in the 18th Century, the Palestinian psyche of armed struggle is an expression of political will more than it is an ironclad guarantor of military vic-

tory.
4. The events taking place

within Fateb are a microcosm of a broader political debate within the Palestinian nation as a whole, and, ultimately, of the state of affairs within the entire Arab World. There are great oumbers of Arabs everywhere who sympathise with the expression of an intent to continue to confront one's enemies that is coming out of the left wing of Fateb these days. The fact that the established social-political order in the Arah World seems to have effectively ruled out making war or making peace with the perceived Israeli-American enemy inevitably leads to the kind of situation we see within Fateb today. Translated to its most basic elements, the Fateb "rebellion" is saying that there are Arabs who refuse to accept the humiliation that has been institutionalised so firmly in the early 1980s. It may be that this is the swan song of Arab nationalism, the last desperate but meaningless gasp of a political force that has sought for some 70 years to give meaning and substance to the concept of Arabs who are free selfrespecting and proud. On the other hand, this may be the start of yet another new era in the Arab quest for political and

economic independence and social rationabty that traces its roots back to the Great Arab Revolt of Sharif Hussein of the Hijaz in the World War I years. tt is shortsighted to talk only of a "rebellion" within Fateh. In fact, the political dynamics at play within Fatch reflect a much hroader debate that takes place in every Arab home, mind and heart in the whole Arab World. Does one fight? Does one compromise? Does one surrender gra--cefully? Does one have faith in America as a mediator? Does one have faith in one's own people, resources and will? Does one give credence to the concept of Arabism? It is a brutal irouy that such a debate sees its most dramatic expression among Palestinian forces who are stationed in one Arab state. under the aegis of another Arab state, in the face of an occupying Israeli army, and under a Palestinian political leadership that is diffused throughout the Arab World.

Almost 20 years after it was established. Fatch is once again the instrument and the expression of a political debate within the Arab World that will only be resolved, finally, by the entire Arab World.



Korea's DMZ still tense after 3 decades

By Granville Watts

PANMUNJOM, Korea - A tough North Korean soldier barks out an order and guards snap to attention as Maj. Gen. Han Ju-Kyong strides forward to attend a meeting of the Military Armistice Commission (MAC) in Pan-

It is the 418th MAC meeting since the Korean war ended in 1953 and the experience is nothing new for Gen. Han.

He was a young lieutnant-colonel when the meeting began 30 years ago and he bas been attending them since 1958.

With just a bint of weariness. Han trots out a list of familiar charges, mainly aimed at the 40,000 U.S. forces in South Korea.

He complains about intrusions into North Korean air space by the bigh-flying U.S. SR-71 reconnaissance planes and accuses the United States of bringing nuc-

lear weapons into South Korea. U.S. Rear-Admiral James Storms, the chief negotiator for the United Nations, responds ang-

to keep repeating his accusations while denying there was anything illegal on his side of the buffer

Storms, silver-haired and resplendent in his white naval uniform, said what was needed was a demilitarisation of the Demilitarised Zone (DMZ).

The armistice agreement, which is only a ceasefire and not a peace pact, called for the DMZ to act as a buffer zone keeping both sides 4,000 metres (yards) apart.

Storms pointed out that the heavily armed forces were now within a few hundred metres of one another, a dangerous situation which could result in more frequent and serious incidents.

He said that band-held ground-to-air missiles were among the illegal arms North Korea bad recently introduced into the DMZ.

As the top brass talked inside a small light-blue building, tough North Korean soldiers, their knuckles white with tension, glared eyeball at tall American and South Korean guards across the narrow

rily that it was ridiculous for Han strip of concrete that marks the military demarcation line.

> Cameras clicked as both sides took photographs of each other. Journalists, who are issued with light-blue U.N. arm bands, are allowed to step across the line and mingle with newsmen on the other

But the United Nations Command (UNC) makes correspondents sign a document warning them that "in the event an attempted abduction by the North Koreans of a press representative should occur, it is most important that UNC security personnel be made aware of such an attempt if the abduction attempt is to be forestalled.

Just what would happen if such an attempt by the unpredictable North Koreans took place is anybody's guess.

Tension is always bigh in the joint security area, a circle 800 metres (yards) in diameter, because each side is permitted to have 35 military police at that spot, most of them with sidearms.

Provocative staring, fistclenching and even spitting occur cessor.

at times when tension is bigh between North and South Korea.

in one of the most serious incidents to date, North Korean military police in the joint area axed to death two U.S. military officers in August, 1976. At the latest MAC meeting last

Saturday regular visitors noticed guards from the north were wearing a new badge.

In the past the soldiers have always worn round badges showing the portrait of North Korean leader Kim II-Sung on the left side of the jacket.

Now they are wearing badges on the right with the slogan "three major revolutions."

The three revolutions is a movement initiated by Kim's son, Kim Jong-II, and his followers, and the slogan was another indication that the younger Kim has gained

strength as heir apparent to his

Experts said that all available evidence suggested that the son was becoming more and more acceptable to North Korean army and party leaders as Kim's suc-

declining arms exports By Alan Elsner These and other products were Reuter

Israel plans to reverse

LYDDA, Israel - Israel Aircraft Industries (IAI), which accounts for a fifth of the country's exports. is releasing a new range of sophisticated weapoury onto the world arms market in the hope of reversing a decline in sales.

In the financial year 1981/S2 IAI's exports were worth \$517 million and the company recorded a oet profit of \$28 million, but the figures for the financial year just ended are expected to show a fall

after a decade of growth.

Company officials attributed the decline in exports to an overvaluation of the Israeli shekel against the dollar and a geoeral slump in the aviation market.

IAI's main factory is a sprawling complex between Tel Aviv and m. It employs 20,000 workers, including highly skilled technicians.

About 40 per cent of the company's sales are in ooo-military products, the most important being the Westwind Executive Jet and the Arava Cargo Plane.

Westwinds alone accounted for \$120 million in exports in the financial year 1981/82, nearly all to the United States. One official said that dropped by between 20 and 30 per cent last year.

The company's domestic sales were also badly hit by the war in Lebanon, which diverted part of the defence budget away from weapons purchases.

The newspaper Maariv reported recently that the army had postponed orders worth \$200 million from private and government-owned arms factories, because the money was needed to build new defence lines

and installations in Lebanon. To counter the decline in sales, the company is unveiling a number of new military and civilian products at the Paris air show.

Among the weapons exhibited are an improved version of the Kfir jet fighter, an artillery location system, a surveillance radar air defence system, an updated version of the Gabriel naval missile and a computerised shipborne tactical command and control sys-

all combat-tested in the Lebanon war last year. Company officials said the fact that IAI arms have been tried in battle conditions gave the company a big edge over competitors in the world market. An example is the unmanned

scout plane reconnaissance system, which played a major part in the Israeli air-strike that destroyed Syrian-manned Soviet anti-aircraft missiles in Lebanon

The company's glossy literature makes much of this and officials said many countries had expressed an interest in buying the system.

The newspaper Haaretz recently reported that the company had won contracts to sell the soouts to three Latin American countries.

Colombia had also contracted Mirage-5 jets to Kfirs by installing new engines and more sophisticated electronics. the newspaper said.

IAI recently confirmed that about half its exports go to Latin American countries. In the past African countries were also good customers.

In addition, the company has started work on what will be its most ambitious project, the Lavie

lion) fighter bomber. Defence minister Moshe Arens. firm supporter of the project, said that more than \$100 million

had already been invested in it. Earlier last month the United States lifted restrictions on exports of American technology needed for the plane and officials bope to build the first prototype within two years and roll the completed product off the assembly line in the early 1990s.

According to unofficial estimates, the Lavie will cost about \$4 billion to develop. Seventy per cent of its parts and components will be produced in Israel and the rest subcontracted to U.S. firms.

Company officials said they expected it to be considerably cheaper than any other similar plane available and anticipate that will become the mainstay of company exports throughout the

Healey takes bigger role in Labour campaign

By James Anderson

LONDON - The faltering election campaign of Britain's opposition Labour Party has drawe to centre stage the robust figure of Denis Healey, one of its sharpest brains and most forceful debaters. After a bad start, in which

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher increased her wide lead in the opinion polls. Labour's strategists face the prospect of a Conservative landslide. In spite of high unemployment

and the government's harsh economic policies. Labour leader Michael Foot, a 69-year-old leftwinger, has not denied Thatcher's standing with the voters.

Labour strategists have therefore begun to put their hopes more heavily on other party chiefs -- and especially on Healey. Foot's 66-year-old deputy and main rival.

The change of emphasis is unmistakable, allhough both men insist that Foot's position as the party's candidate for prime minister is oot in doubt.

It is unlikely that Healey can overturn Thatcher's lead by June 9. But the man British commentators call "the bruiser" will undoubtedly inflict some wounds. He has already left some scars on his own side. His multilateralist differences

with unilateralist Foot focused much of the early campaign on Labour's factional disputes over nuclear disarmament. If Thatcher's re-election is as inevitable as opinion polls now make it seem, it is almost equally

inevitable that Healey's role will become a main theme of Labour's internal feuds. Leftwingers will surely say Healey played into the hands of the anti-Labour press by not toeing

the party line.

But party rightwingers will argue that, whatever disaster befalls on June 9, it would have been worse without Healey. Certainly it would be less ent-

ertaining. Healey's devastating style is by far the liveliest thing in the campaign. It was Healey who called Thatcher a "bargain basement Boadicea" and said that an attack by

Finance Minister Geoffrey Howe was like "being savaged by a dead Attacking the government's rumoured choice of a road traasport eothusiast to head the

state-owned railways, he said it would be "like putting Dracula in charge of the bloodbank.

Conservative economic policies he calls "sado-monetarism". Near the end of the last parliament, he stung Thatcher into a shrill fury, breaking into her evasions about an election date with a grunted

exclamation she would "cut and The boisterous hyperbole mat-

ches Healey's extrovert. sometimes rude personality, his burly frame, his huge bushy eyebrows and his red, coarse-featured face. But it sits oddly with other sides of his character. Healey studied literature at

Oxford's Balliol College, a place for the country's intellectual clite. and gained a distinguished degree. He is a skilled amateur pho-

tographer. Frieods say he has a vast range and depth of interest in books, art and music. Healey's father was a teacher in the Yorkshire textile town of Bra-

dford. His grandfather bas been a As a student Healey was, like many young intellectuals of the 1930s, a Communist, but later became firmly anti-Communist.

As an army major during World leftist stance.

ing the Allies' bitterly-fought laning at Anzio near Rome.

In the words of one British newspaper: "It was a task which required most of the qualities for which he has later been remarked: Tactical skill administrative ability and the capacity to kick people hard up the backside."

Labour Party politics have since been his only career.

As defence secretary from 1964 to 1970 and finance minister in 1974-79, he has spent much more time in office than Foot and is easily the most experienced man in Labour's leadership.

When James Callaghan stepped down after his 1979 election defeat. Healey was frontrumer for the leadership, the candidate of those who support membership of the European Community and oppose the party's drift to a more

War II, he was beachmaster dur-But his tough policies as finance

minister and his long wars against the left made him too many enemies. The leadership went to Foot. who woo backing in the centre of the party from many hoping to avert an oepn split.

But a split did come, with oearly 30 rightwing MPs defecting to form a new centrist party, the Social Democrats.

However. Healey showed no. interest in joining them and he has since led the rightwing battle 10 regain control of Labour's inner councils.

Healey's appeal to the voters rests more on the party's past achievements such as the welfare state than on the left's ambitions for further radical change.

Win or lose, insiders say, when the election is over the left-right battle will be joined again and the pressing question will be whether Healey should replace Foot as party leader.

Jeil in lila

Journey Into Imagination: A new fantasy ride



Two Epcot Centre visitors at Walt Disney World in Florida begin a spectacular 12-minute fantasy ride into the imagination. (Photo Press and Publication Service)

A 12-minute fantasy through attraction has opened for visitors to Walt Disney World's new Epcot Centre in Florida. The fantasy ride is part of the Eastman Kodak Company's (an American video-communications firm) fururistic pavilion, The Journey Into Imagination, one of the most popular Future World complex attractions at Epcol Centre.

Created by a team of Disney show designers, artists and engineers, the fanciful ride experience excites and entertains visitors through special effects, animated figures and props, and photographic and abstract imagery. Riding in seven-passenger, computercontrolled cars through a segment of the Kodak pavilion, visitors see a variety of imaginative impressions, including gothic ghosts. laser-light dancers, images and apparitions, changing colours and shifting forms.

Hosting the ride -- to the tune of a delightful story-telling song - are two new characters developed by Disney: Dreamfinder, a red-bearded, top-hatted human adventurer; and his helper and friend, Figment, an impish miniature dragon. The characters appear as lifelike figures in a number of sets and as projected images in others. Accommodating nearly 2,600

adults and children an hour on 92 vehicles that wind through eight distinct scenes, the ride reminds visiturs that the key to imagination is "our childlike ability to dream," The ride proceeds through a fanciful dreamport, where ideas are conduct an orchestra. stored, and on 10 five realms of creativity -- art, literature, per- mey Into Imagination pavilion



The journey into imagination, a popular attraction at Walt Disney World's new Epcol Centre in Florida, is housed in a striking pavilion with towering twin pyramids. (Photo Press and Publication Service)

forming arts, science and technology, and image technology. Fun and whimsy prevail as visitors see giant bell jars crackle with lighining, vehicles pass a polarised collage that appears to be fluid painting, words and letters spill out of a huge vnicano, laser dancers perform and Dreamfinder

With 70 special effects, the Jou-

also houses a fantasy playground of the future, Image Works. The playground cnntains 11 different electronic and futuristic activity areas where visitors can apply their own imaginations at their own pace to write, paint, create sounds and music, change lights and colours and react to sensors. Using vnice, touch or movement. visitors make music on the ste-

palettes, change colours in the rainbow tunnel, control giant kaleidescopes and perform in Dreamfinder's School of Drama.

Another major attraction is the three-dimensinnal movie, "Magic Journeys." The special effects and spectacular realism of the 15minute film shown in a 600-seat Magic Eye Theatre are the result of the first computer-generated

Directly outside the Magic Syc Theatre is an outdoor hangle Garden leaturing crowd-stropping leaping fountains, a reverte waterfull, popping fountains and an oversized topiary rotating figure of Figment, all providing buckdrops for picture-taking.

 $-iDRt \neq wise$

Trans-Sahara gas pipeline under study

By Richard Johns

Nothing could have been more predictable than the welcome given by Mr. Donald Hodel, the U.S. secretary of energy, to the Spanish proposal for a pipeline linking Nigeria with North Africa and, ultimately, Western Europe.

Tension between the U.S. and its European allies over the deal under which the Sovies Union would supply up to 40 billion cubic metres of gas via the Siberian pip-eline by the end of the decade may have eased with the lifting of Washington's sanctions against the project. But the administration's hostility and concern over its allies' dependence on Russian gas remain, and the prospect of an altemative must look promising.

Nigeria is one of the more obvious sources of supply to meet the growing requirements of Western Europe in the 1990s, when indigenous output will be declining. It is, moreover, desperately anxious to get a return on its gas. which is now going to waste.

Nigeria is ranked 12th outside . the Communist bloc in terms of proven gas reserves, a quarter of which are associated with oil nutput. About 90 per cent of current gas production is being flared.

Spanish proposal The Spanish proposal, put for-

ward at an International Energy Agency meeting in Paris earlier Vlay, is for a pipeline running from Spain to Algeria through Mor-occo, crossing the Mediterranean ut the Straits of Gibraltar, A branch line would then run from Algeria to Nigeria.

The timing of Spain's initiative was significant, coming only two months after the rapprochemeot between Algeria and Morocco -a development for which Mr. Fel-: ipe Gonzalez. Spain's prime minister, could take some credit.

It would almost certainly be more feasible to build a link to Spain across the Straits of Gibraliar from Morocco than over the far longer and deeper seabed route from the Algerian coast to eastern Andalusia, which has previously been studied by Algiers and Madrid.

Because transit across the Straits of Gibraltar had been ruled out politically, while also posing as yer unappraised technical difficulties, concentration had until recently been focused on a link between Bani Saf in Western Algeria and Almeria in Spain. Segamo -- a joint venture between the Algerian state oil corporation Sonatrach, Enagas of Spain and Gaz de France - finished surveying a route in 1978.

Bechtel's study

Bechtel completed a feasibility study in 1981, concluding that it would be possible to lay a 120mile pipeline at depths of up to 7.t)(II) feet with established technology. But no accurate estimate of the cost has been made and the viability of a crossing in the Westem Mediterranean is still very

The much shorter Straits of Gibraliar route, of 17 miles at a maximum depth of 900 feet, looks like a much better proposition. especially on grounds of cost, Linking an Algerian-Spanish line to sense, not only for Spain and France, but for Algeria as well.

Saharan facility would also enhance the possibilities of developing the gas resources of the In Salah region of central Algeria.

The idea of a trans-Sahara pipeline was discussed in 1972 by the Algerian government and ENI of lialy. In November 1981, the same Bechiel, with an obvious interest in its implementation, did an in-house analysis, concluding that ficiently viable to warrant further

According to Bechtel, a 42-inch facility powered by 56 compressor stations and with a design capacity of 1.5 billion cubic feet per day could be constructed at a cost of between \$8.5 billioo and \$9.6 bil-

The lowest estimate related to the most direct route across the centre of Algeria and the highest to the one going via Morocco to the Straits of Gibraltar. It was reckoned that the project could yield a discounted cash flow of 19 per cent on the basis of a well-head price of \$1.50 per 1,000 cubic feet plus traosit fees through the various countries.

Nigeria has not yet expressed a view about the project. For sev-The construction of a trans- eral years, Lagos has been interested in a Liquified Natural Gas project under which 1.5 billion cubic metres per day, 30 per cent of it associated with productioo from the Bonny oil field and 70 per cent unassociated, would have been processed for export.

In 1981, when the estimated cost of this project had climbed to between \$10 billion and \$14 billion, purchasiog commitments had such a pipeline appeared suf- not been obtained and Nigeria its-

elf was running out of money. Phillips Petroleum and British Petroleum pulled out of the project. It was no coincidence that Bechiel did its analysis of the pipeline concept at this stage.

Nigeria is now going ahead with another LNG project half as large as the cancelled one. Technical and financial feasibility studies done by Arthur D. Little and First Boston are understood to be pos-itive, and Lagos clearingets a high priority on going ahead with a scheme that is more advanced than the pipeline idea. Purchasing commitments and financing have still to be arranged, however.

Transporting gas to Western Europe via a trans-Sahara pip eline might prove to be a more economically viable method and also a more secure one if it is assumed that the countries traversed have a vested interest in safeguarding the facility.

At the same time, however, it remains to be seen whether the Algerian-Moroccan rapprochement, promising though it may be, has yet gone far enough for the project to be considered a serious possibility.

-- Financial Times news feature

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TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

17:30	Koran
17:50	Carloons
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19:00	Programme Review
70-00 17:10	Programme on Sports
M- 25	News in Arabic
n-40	Arabic Series
1:35	Spotlights
2:29	Arabic Series
7-05	Manus !- 4

FOREIGN CHANNEL

MAIN CHANNEL

[8:00	French Programme
	News in Hebrew
20:00	News in Arabic
20:30	Movie of the Week: "That Man Bolt Fred Williamson"
	Bolt Fred Williamson"
22:00	News in English
22:15 .	Dallas
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BBC WORLD SERVICE

. Evening Show

News Summary . News Headline

of Brass 96:45 Interlude 96:55 Ref-lections 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Wbut's New 07:45 The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Jazz For the Asking 09:00 World News 09:09 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 Orlando Gibbons 09:45 Nelwork U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Streetly Instrumental 10:30 Alternative Proms 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 Look Ahead 11:45 Discovery 12:15 Hermits 12:30 Diversions 13:00 World News 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 Scotland This Week 13:30 Sports loternational 14:90 Radio Newsreel 14:15 The Quartet 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News 5ummary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 A Jolly Good 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 A Jolly Good Show 16:30 Classic Serial 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:90 Pageant of the Past 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Europe's Unitidy Peace 18:45 Cricket 19:00 World News 19:09 Merrdiao 19:40 Scotland Tbis Week 19:45 Sports Round up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Nature Notebook 20:40 Farming World 21:00 News Summary 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Orlando Gibbons 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Hermits 27:45 News Summary 22:30 Hermits 22:45 Musical Families 23:15 Derby Preview 23:25 Paperback Choice 23:30 Classic Scrial 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Scotland This Week 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sports Round up 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 Latur '83 91:30 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA

05:00 The Breakfast Show: News, Iniormal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, toterviews, Answers to Listener's Questions, Science Digest. News 5ummary at 30 minutes past the hour, 17:00 News 17:10 Mag-azine 5how 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 New-stine 18:30 New Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Magazine Show 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Now Music U5A 21:00 Newsline 21:30 Dateline/Focus 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 VOA World Report

WHAT'S GOING ON

""Recycling," an ecology exhibit, at the Goethe Institute.

FILM

""Berlin Chamissoplatz," film in colour (subtitled in English) at the Goethe Ins-

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre	Tel. 66102
American Centre	415
Braisb Council	36147
French Cultural Centre	370
Goethe Institute	414
Soviet Cultural Centre	442
Spanish Cultural Centre	240
Turkish Cultural Cooli	c 397
Haya Arts Centre	
Hussein Youth City	6671
Y.W.C.A	417
Y.W.M.A	0042
Amman Muoicipal Libi	пату 301
University of Jordan Li	brary X435

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

Paintings by Munther Keilani at the Alia Ari Gallery.

titute at 8:00 p.m.

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American Centre	415
Braisb Council	36147
French Cultural Centre	_ 3700
Goethe Institute	4[44
Soviet Cultural Centre	_ 4420
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Ceotre	397
Haya Arts Centre	
Hussein Youth City	66712
Y.W.C.A	4179
Y.W.M.A	
Amman Muoicipal Library	361
Amman Muokipai Libiasy	301
University of Jordan Library	X435
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Folklore Museum: Jeweiry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (41h to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. centuries). The Roman Theatre.
Amman. Opening hours; 9.00 a.m. - 5
p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.
Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an
excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan, Jabai Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill).

MUSEUMS

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4,00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Lisweitdeh, Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128. Military Museum: Collection of military Multary Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240, Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to

150 year old items such as costumes, weapoos, musical instruments, etc. Dpening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inc. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Amman. lel. 24590. Church of the Answelstion (Roman Catholic) Jabai Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jahal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Amsunciation Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Red-cemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. ian Catholic Church Ashrafich. 7133t. enian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh, 75261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southero Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663244. PRAYER TIMES

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MMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250.

ARRIVALS

09:30	Jeddah (RJ)
09:40	Dhohran [RJ]
09:45	Krean (RJ)
10:15	Berrut (RJ)
10:35	Ohahran. Riyadh (5V)
13:25	Cairo (EA)
13:40	
15:30	Cairo [RJ]
16:00	Bucharest. Istanbul (RI)
16:15	Cziro (RJ)
16:15	Larnacu (RJ)
17:15	Frankfurt. Geneva [RI]
17:15	New York, Vsenna [RJ]
17:35	London. Paris [RJ]
18:25	Copenhagen. Athens (SK)
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00:45	Baghdad (RJ)

DEPARTURES:

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

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WEATHER

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Agaba	
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Jordan Valley	,

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 27, Agaba 35, Humidny readings: Amman 36 per cent. Aqaba 25

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Neil taxi
Grand Palace taxi

Dr. Hisham Hyassot ...

Medical City (axi 8139.17 Rashied (axi 22023 Telal (axi 22021

Dalal and Jerusalem pharmacy . 1--1

Dr. Omar Qasrawi 3515/73321

GENERAL

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Jordan and Middle Bast calls . .

Dr. Dawoud Al Samhur 7:890

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Fire headquarters

Malhas, J. Amman 3614U 5hmeisani Hospital 664131-T 004164 Army, Marka ...

NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Adnan Al Zaghloul North Hashimi

MARKET PRICES

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Noah, Lloyd score contrasting victories in French Tennis Open

PARIS (R) — French tennis star Yannick Noah's victory in the French Open Tennis Championships and Chris Evert Lloyd's win in the women's loumament highlighted the diversity between the two games.

Noah, who became the first Frenchman to win his home grand slam tournament in 37 years when he beat defending champion Mats Wilander 6-2. 7-5. 7-6 in two hours and 24 minutes here Sunday, gained the title in a tense, brilliantly-played campaign.

By contrast Lloyd, who won her fifth French Open title and her fifteenth grand slam championship. barely seemed to raise a sweat againsi competition that was at best medioere, winning with embarrassing case her final against Mima Jausovec 6-1, 6-2.

The elimination of defending champion and top seed Martina Navratilova by U.S. teenager Kathy Horvath in the fourth mundended any serious challenge to Lloyd's chances of the title.

It also helped give Lloyd a crack at the one million dollar bonus being offered by the International Tennis Federation (ITF) for the lirst player, man or woman, to hold all four grand slam titles at

Lloyd, who has never failed to reach at least the semifinals of every grand slam tournament she has entered, put it succinctly at a press conference after easily sweeping aside the challenge of third eed Andrea Jaeger in the sem-

" Martina and I are the top two women players in the world, and we are head and shoulders above the rest. Ninety eight per cent of the time we come through and the others are nowhere. I guess it is just a mental bloc for the other players."

For Noah, victory in front of a highly partisan 16.500 strong capacity centre court erowd was an emotional affair.

His aggressive. attacking game swamped the rather monotonous baseline approach of Wilander. and proved that it is possible to play exciting, volatile tennis on the clay courts of Roland Garros.

The American challenge failed again, and the failure of 10p seed Jimmy Connors and second seed John McEnme -- neither nf whom has won the French Open -- must give the seeding committee food for thought.

Connors had been doing well until he tumbled out in straight once since September 15 last year. sets to unseeded Frenchman Chr-

istophe Roger-Vasselin, who in turn was dismissed with contemptuous ease by Noah in the semifinals.

MeEnroe was another matter. After being out last year through injury, he was determined not to miss his chance this time.

Despite a nagging shoulder strain he made it. only to run into problems with officials. the crowds, the press and his own volatile temperament.

He clashed with the officials from the start. His first round match with unseeded Ben Testerman earned him a \$3,750 fine for shouting abuse at the umpire. kicking at a cameraman and smashing balls against the court bac-

Perhaps the knowledge that his total fines were now within \$2.000 of automatic suspension by the ruling Men's International Professional Tennis Players Council calmed him, for his remaining matches were uneventful.

But McEnroe's challenge. which had been at times brilliant and at times unbelievably bad, ended at the hands of Wilander. who calmly accepted a 1-6 first set defeat to win a four set victory

before losing to Noah in the final.

Jordan Times

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Tickets available at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Tel: 661026/7.

Alboreto of Italy wins 1st event of year at Detroit

DETROIT (R) - Veleran Formula One driver Joho Watson said he would have to be a street fighter to cut through the traffic on the roads of Detroit, and that is what he did in the city's second Grand Prix.

Watson. 37. from Northern Ireland, won the inaugural Detroit Grand Prix a year ago after starting from way behind. He drove almost as well Sunday to bring his McLaren from 21st starting position to third place.

Michele Alboreto of Italy in a Tyrrell won the event for his first triumph of the year and the second of his career. He was followed across the line by Keke Rosberg of Finland, who said "second place was the best I could do.

' l don' t have any particular secret." Watson, a veteran of 144 Grand Prix races, said after Sunday's race.

"There's no logical answer why I can come from so far behind." Alboreto in a Tyrrell completed the 150 mile (241 km) race in one hour, 50 minutes, 53.669 seconds. Rosberg came in 7.7 seconds later

The Italian said he was surprised by his victory, which came

after Nelson Piquet of Brazil lost the lead with nine laps to go because of a puncture on his Bra-

Piquet, the 1981 World Champion, managed to nurse his way to the pits, change tyres and drive to fourth place, which moved him to within one point of the top in the championship standings.

Alain Prost of France, whose

Renault finished eighth, clung to first place in the standings with 28 points. "I'm going to have to be a real

street fighter to get back in this one." Watson had said after he qualified 21 st out of 26 cars. Watson, who elimbed to fifth in

the standings, has a reputation for doing well on city streets. In additinn to winning here last year after starting 17th, he won on the streets of Long Beach in March after qualifying 22nd.

"I was not happy with my pra-cice and qualifying times." Wat-

son said Sunday, because he found the course slippery.

But he patiently worked his way through a field led by Frenchman Rene Amoux in a Ferrari, Piquet and Alboreto.

With five laps to go. Watson recorded the fastest lap of the race—covering the 2.5 mile (four km) circuit in one minute 47.668 seconds for an average speed of 83.59 miles per hour (134.5 kph).

for the race were both records. The Grand Prix teams now move to Montreal, the eighth stop of the 15-race season.

That lap and Alboreto's time

The turbocharged cars, such as Brabham. Renault and Ferrari. were expected to fare better there because the Montreal course is "faster."

Cars powered by the traditional Cosworth racing engine swept the first three places in Detroit. where the straights are short and the turns narrow.

The turbo teams said they were looking forward in next week's Canadian Grand Prix.

TENNIS TALK

Low, high, straight at you

By Maureen Stalla

low volleys, high volleys and those that come straight at you. On low volleys, the face of the racket should be tilted back

slightly, and the shot should be executed with a short punch forward. The racket face has to be tilted back to enable the ball to come up quickly so that it can clear the net. Low volleys are difficult because you have to get the ball up and over the net and still keep it in the court. My advice on low volleys is to recognise the difficulty involved, watch the ball closely, make a short punch at the ball and strive to hit it deep into your opponent's court but not too hard.

On the high backhand volley, you do best to make contact m front of your body so that you can see the ball at all times, and try to punch the ball deep. This is a difficult shot for most players, so don't be a hero. Just get it back deep and prepare for the next shot. It is best to step forward with your front foot as you make your backhand volley in order to get some body weight into the shot. If you don't have time to take that step, at least be sure to keep the racket out in front of you and punch the ball.

choose a side, go with the one you feel is your stronger shot. By stepping to a side, you can get your body out of the way and thus be in a position to make a good volley off a potetentially difficult

On low backhand volleys, most good volleyers go for depth to stay out of trouble, often sacrificing pace for safety. But on volleys higher than the net. the best palyers are very aggressive. They try to win the point outright off the high volley. Forget the cute angles and drop volleys; they are low-percentage shots, and you'll lose many more points than you'll win with them.

JORDAN ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

Tender No. 27/83 - The Supply of Pipes for Manufacturing Steel Poles tube used in Low Voltage Network.

Tender No. 28/83 - The Supply of Galvanised Materials (Angles, Steel Strips, "U" Channels and Rounded Bars).

Tender No. 29/83 - The Supply of Galvanised Bolts, Nuts, Washers and Spring Washers.

Tender No. 30/83 - The Supply of Materials for Spun Prestressed Concrete Poles.

Jordan Electricity Authority announces the issuing of the following tenders:

- Tender No. 27/83 - The Supply of Pipes for Manufacturing Steel Poles to be used in Low Voltage network. Tender No. 28/83 - The Supply of Galvanised Materials (Angles,

Steel Strips, "U" Channels and Rounded Bars). - Tender No. 29/83 - The Supply of Galvanised Bolts, Nuts, Washers and Spring Washers.

— Tender No. 30/83 - The Supply of Materials for Spun Prestressed Concrete Poles.

Tender Documents can be collected from:-Tenders Section - Stores and Supplies Dept. Jordan Electricity Authority

5th Circle - Jabal Amman at a non-refundable amount of JD 10 by cheque for each copy of each

JEA is prepared to send tender documents to contractors outside the country against the required fees.

Offers should be accompanied with a bid bond equal to five per cent of the total offer value, and to be submitted to the Secretary of Tendering Committee before 12:00 noon on Thursday 7-7-1983 at the above

Hingsen says his world record decathlon was 'just a test'

BONN (R) — West Germany's him by more than 200 points in the ome much more disciplined." Juergen Hingsen, who Sunday snatched the world decathlon record for the second time in a year from arch-rival Daley Thompson of Britain, Monday sounded a warning before August's first World Track and Field Championships in Helsinki.

The 25-year-old Hingsen, whose 8,777 points in the West German qualifiers for Helsinki at Bernhausen near Stuttgart beat Thompson's old mark by 34, said: 'I was nuly trying to qualify - it won't be serious until Helsinki."

"It was really just a test, I only wanted to see where I stand." The twn-metre-tall West Ger-

man added: "I felt fresher after the 1.500 metres (the final discipline) than I have ever felt after a decathion. I could still do better. particularly in the first day eve-

Hingsen and Thompson have swapped world records twice in 13 months and look set for an epic struggle in Helsinki. Last may the Briton took the record from another West German. Guido Kratschmer. in Austria with 8,704 Hingsen, a sports student from

Uerdingen. improved on the mark by 19 points in Ulm last August but held the record for just three weeks before Thompson routed



European Championships in Ath-

trai ter Wolfgang Bergmann Monday attributed Hingsen's disappointing showing in Athens to the fact that he had allowed the publicity over his Ulm world record to go to his head and had not trained serinusly.

"That will only happen to Juergen nnce," he said, "He has bec- Jeanne Purcell.

Hingsen, bitterly distillusioned after Athens, worked hard last

Wast German national athletics winter, particularly in an intensive eight-week training stint in California with his trainer, Norbert

He attributes his improvement over the past two seasons to Pixken and the other great influence on his life. his American girlfriend

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Please call Tel. 668384, 665944, and 668236.

LAST WEEK I discussed the basic technique of the backhand volley, a difficult shot. I want to go into more detail and explain

Balls coming directly at you are usually coming so fast that the shot has to be basically a reflex action. If you have the time to

Coe starts season with a win

BIRMINGHAM, England (R) - the throttle entering the final beod Sebastion Coe opened his international season with a comfortable mile victory in an athletics match between Britain and the Soviet Union here Sunday, but could do little to prevent his team

slumping to defeat.

and eased 15 metres clear of the Soviet Union's European silver medallist Nikolai Kirov to win in four minutes 3.37 seconds.

It was his first mile since breaking the world record for the Coe's performance was the highlight of a day made difficult by blustery conditions. He touched that world mark. event 22 months agn. But the winning time was 16 seconds nutside

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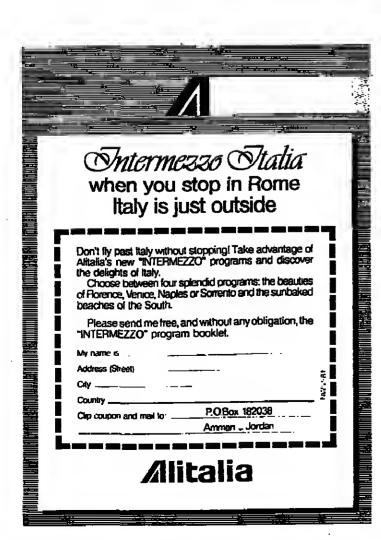
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NEWS IN BRIEF

Malaysia steps up oil production

KUALA LUMPUR (R) - Malaysia has stepped up oil production 20 pe cent above its target for this year to compensate for revenue lost as a result of a drop in world oil prices, industry sources said Monday. The Southeast Asian nation expected to produce 300,000 barrels daily this year, they said, but was currently producing between 360,000 and 370,000 barrels a day.

IMF mission to revisit Venezuela

CARACAS (R) — Vene zuela, seeking to reschedule some \$15.8 billion in foreign debts, has asked a mission from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to visit Caracas next month, President Luis Herrera said. "The purpose of the visit will be to discuss the economic situation with government officials in a serious, concrete and final form," Mr. Herrera told reporters. The mission is expected to arrive in the first week of July. An IMF mission visited Caracas in March and is now working on a final report on the

NPC hears economic report

PEKING (R) — The annual session of China's National People's Congress (NPC) opened Monday with a long government work report by Premier Zhao Ziyang largely devoted to charting the country's economic progress over the past five years. Mr. Zhao said the instability caused by favouring heavy industry to the detriment of light industry and agriculture bad been corrected, and the economy "has gradually moved onto a path of sound growth." He said the next five years, during which China will build the springboard for further expansion, would be the key to attaining the goal of quadrupling the value of industrial and agricultural output by the year 2000.

Israel drops tax proposal

TEL AVIV (R) - The Israeli finance ministry has dropped a plan to tax withdrawls from current bank accounts by three-tenths of one per cent, a ministry official said Sunday. The proposal had been made by Finance Minister Yoram Aridor as a means to raise funds to pay the cost of maintaining Israeli forces in Lebanon. The official said the proposal was abandoned after "a number of ministers had raised objections to it."

Virata dismisses solvency fears

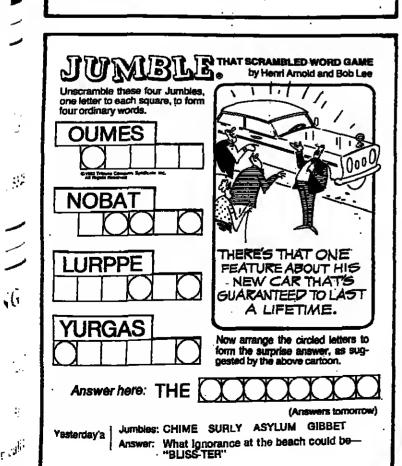
NEW YORK (R) - Philippine Prime Minister Cesar Virata was quoted Sunday as saying that fears about Third World solvency were without foundation. "There is no problem of solvency." Mr. Virata said in an interview last week published in the latest issue of Newsweek magazine. "These countries have enough resources to eventually repay what they have borrowed. They just have to slow down a little bit now and have higher tax revenues to reduce their inflation," he said. "I would think that three or four years would enable them to turn around," he added, agreeing that some people were over concerned about the problems of Third World

Lambsdorff objects to-Saudi code

RIYADH (R) — West German Economics Minister Otto Lambsdorff said Sunday a Saudi Arabian ruling that foreign contractors employ Saudi subcontractors would bave negative effects on the development of Saudi-German relations. The measure would also weaken international efforts against national economic protectionism, he told a news conference at the end of a meeting of the Saudi-German economic commission in Riyadh. The Saudi ministry of economy decreed last March that foreign firms awarded development project contracts in the oilrich kingdom should give at least 30 per cent of the work to Saudi subcontractors and also use Saudi banking, insurance and other



"I expect 100 percent perfection and accuracy around here, Sidney or Sammy or whatever your name is!"



U.N. economic conference warned of general catastrophe

economic conference opened the continuity of economic growth Monday with a warning from Yugoslav President Mika Spiljak that the arms race threatened the world with catastrophe.

elopment (UNCTAD) in Belgrade, Mr. Spiljak contrasted the development aid.

He called for efforts to check this tendency "wbich can only lead to a general catastrophe, unless we speedily make a turn and try hard to reach agreement."

Ministers and officials from more than 150 countries are taking part in the three-week UNC-TAD session, which will seek solutions to developing countries problems in trade, aid, finance and commodities.

Mr. Spiljak said the economies of developing and industrialised countries were interdependent and further stagnation in Third World development would hold up world recovery from recession.

Without urgent solutions to developing countries problems. 'we shall be drawing nearer at an cessions to ease it. ever accelerating pace to the col-

billion, as the most acute problem. problems.

and development within a comprebensive, just and multilateral framework," he said.

Mr. Spiljak said the constantly Launching the sixth U.N. Con- widening gap between rich and ference on Trade And Dev- poor countries was a danger for the whole world.

He listed low commodity prices. \$600 billion spent last year on protectionism, high debt, high arms with \$35 billion spent on equipment prices, high interest rates and increasing difficulty of access to capital markets as key problems which had led the Third World into "an almost desperate situation."

The three-week UNCTAD is the chief economic conclave for Third World nations, which will press demands made in other forums, such as the non-aligned summit in New Delhi last March, for global negotiations to reform world trade and finance in a "new international economic order."

They will also seek sbort-term emergency action on com-modities, debt, aid and trade involving the United States and other Western nations which are sympathetic to their plight but appear unready to make major con-

U.N. Secretary-General Javier lapse of the key elements of the Perez de Cuellar said Sunday system, in particular, in the field of night he felt the atmosphere was finance and payments." be said. favourable for developing and He singled out Third World industrialised countries to search debts, totalling more than \$600 for common solutions to economic

Dollar surges

FRANKFURT (R) - The dollar soared to a record high against the French franc and a six-month high against the mark in Europe Monday as investors scrambled to buy on talk of higher U.S. interest rates, dealers said.

The strong advance in Europe followed record highs against the French franc and the Hong Kong dollar on Far Eastern exchanges where participants started the rush to buy dollars.

The dollar rose in Paris to a record 7,7030, It elosed on Friday at 7.6435. The dollar opened in Frankfurt at around 2.5650 marks. more than two piennigs above Friday's 2.5435 close, and at its highest level since mid-November.

In Hong Kong the dollar spiralled to a record 7,7005 against the French franc and a record 7.44 against the local unit. It had been worth 7.6505 francs in New York on Friday and 7.29 against the

Hong Kong dollar in the colony on Saturday.

Experts polled by Reuters at the end of last week said the inconclusive outcome of the Williamsburg summit has led to exp ectations that U.S. interest rates would stay high. High interest rates and low inflation in the U.S. provide holders of

dollars with a return almost unmatched by other currencies. One of the key factors bebind the dollar's record highs is the larger-than-expected growth in the amount of money circulating in the U.S. in recent weeks and a belief that tighter money supply policies could be used to curb it, money market analysts said. Tighter U.S. money supply policies could lead to bigher interest

rates there, they added. U.S. monetary authorities reported a \$400 million fall in money

supply on Friday, but the aggregate had grown \$15 billion in the preceding four weeks - well above the central bank's 1983 target range of 4 to 8 per cent growth. Further rises in the money supply are expected, according to the

The dollar closed in Tokyo at 240.67 yen after hitting a 21/2 month

high there of 240.75 during the afternoon. Sterling advanced to \$1.5830 in late Hong Kong trading buoyed by opinion polls indicating victory for Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's ruling Conservative Party in Britain's elections on Thursday.

summit of seven leading Western degree of understanding" of the

But Mrs. Indira Gandhi said last week the West had failed at the summit to respond to Third World proposals for restructuring the world economy.

The U.S. is cool towards UNC-TAD, which it sees as a useful forum for exchanging views rather than one which should make resolutions that could lead to radical changes in the world financial and economic system.

Washington is opposed to rebuilding the system and considers existing bodies like the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank, which Western nations dominate, as the right ones for tackling issues such as the Third World's \$600 billion of

At Williamsburg, leaders of the help achieve results.

many, Italy, Canada and Japan industrial nations had shown "a said they would give special attention to development aid.

Western nations currently give the Third World only half the U.N. aid target of 0.7 per cent of national output.

The 'big seven' said they would take part in UNCTAD conference with "understanding and cooperation" but made no specifie

Other Western nations, and especially the Netherlands, are expected to push for special action programmes to help the 36 least developed countries, most of which are in Africa.

European diplomats see the economic demands of the developing nations as more realistic. pragmatic and well-prepared than they were at the last UNCTAD, at Manila in 1979, and say this could

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Share prices closed mainly firmer, although the proximity of Thursday's U.K. general election meant a quiet market and prices moved in a narrow range after early changes. dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up 3.6, back above the 700 mark at 702.0.

Leading industrials mostly showed gains, with the market underpinned by expectations of a Conservative election victory and by sterling's strength, they said. Electricals and banks were par-

Government bonds firmed by as much as 34 point in long dates. Golds were lower and North Americans quietly mixed.

Short dated bonds gained 's point and, shortly after the opening, the government broker ceased supplying the 10% per cent convertible 1987 tap stock at Friday's part paid £20% price and offered the issue at £2014, dealers said.

Press comment and overseas buying pushed electricals Plessey and Standard Telephone 23p and 12p firmer respectively, dealers said, while Reckin and Coleman rose 15p at 453. In banks, Midland and Natwest gained 13p apiece. Tilling was unchanged at 226 and btr 2p firmer at 426, while P and O added 2p at 200,

Among other leaders, ICl gained op at 466 and Beecham rallied to end unchanged at 373 ex-dividend. Oils were lower.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One sterling 1.5847/57 U.S. dollars One U.S. dollar 1.2341:44 Canadian dollars 2.5650 60 West German marks 2.8820/30 Dutch guilders 2.1170/80 Swiss francs 51.23/27 Belgian francs 7.7110/40 French francs 1520.00/1521.00 240.25.40 7.6290/6340 7.2250/2300 9.1750/1800

One ounce of gold

408.50/409.00

Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Peanuts









Mutt 'n' Jeff

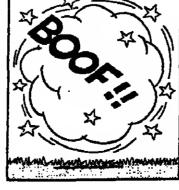






Andy Capp







Greek economy seen growing despite bad start to 1983

ATHENS (R) — Despite a poor year's first quarter, the Greek government Monday predicted a pick-up in growth to 1.5 per cent for 1983.

Exports in January-March dropped to \$790 million from \$1.18 billion in the same 1982 period, while the surplus on invisible trade fell to \$573 million from \$774 million, Economy Minister Gerassimos Arsenis told a press conference.

In the first major statement on the economy's performance this year, he said foreign exchange reserves fell by around \$250 million to just \$857 million in the 12 months to the end of March.

The current account balance of payments deficit went up to \$812 million in the first quarter from S636 million in the same quarter of 1982. The minister said the worse trade figures mainly ref-lected deals in the last 1982 qua-

hopes for a better economic performance in the second half of this drachma in January. The expected 1.5 per cent boost in gross dom- action is assured for private entestic product compares with a rise erprise, within a stable framework of only 0.2 per cent last year.

Arsenis said the inflation rate. set of economic figures for the already the highest in the Europcan Community, had speeded up in the first three months of the year but slowed again in April and May. It should be below 20 per cent this year against 21 per cent last year, he added.

In a move designed to attract foreign currency back to Greece. Arsenis announced that Greeks resident here would soon be allowed to hold local foreign currency savings accounts. Up to now, only Greeks res-

ident abroad could keep foreign currency accounts in Greece. Many residents keep foreign currency accounts abroad so as 10 avoid suffering from fluctuations in the value of the drachma.

The minister also released a document outlining the philosophy that the socialist Greek government would follow in economic policy over the next five years.

It called for an end to dep-Arsenis said he pinned his endence on foreign capital, much greater participation in economic decisions by local government. year on a delayed effect of the and more emphasis on health, 15.5 per cent devaluation of the education and the environment,

It also said: "A broad area of of rules and policy directions.

Kuwaiti assembly approves \$11.2b budget for '83-84

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait's Naiional Assembly Monday approved a 1983-84 budget of 3.27 billion added. dinars (\$11.2 billion), almost unchanged from last year and a reflection of the world oil glut.

This is down 282 million dinars (\$966 million) from a cabinetproposed budget of 3.55 billion dinars (\$12.1 billion) for the year starting on July 1. Finance Minister Abdul Latif Al Hamad told

He said the budget envisages a deficit of income over expenditure of 588 million dinars (\$1.9 billion), up from an estimated 312.6 million dinars (about \$1 billion).

Revenue is set at 3.04 billion

Ten per cent of the annual budget is always put aside for what is called a future generation reserve. which is drawn on in times of need.

Mr. Hamad said oil revenue. accounting for about 40 per cent of Kuwait's income, was set at 2.78 billion dinars (\$9.5 billion) after 2.96 billion dinars (\$10.1 billion) last year, reflecting the oil glut and fall in oil prices.

The minister said without elaborating that the cuts agreed by the assembly involved various sectors of the economy.

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HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED

THE Daily Crossword by Martha J. DeWitt

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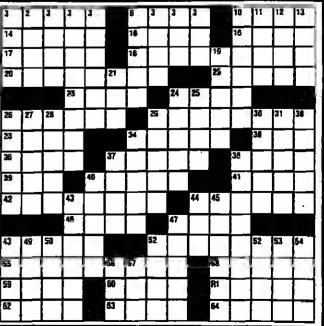
DOWN

1 Racetrack

4 Bankhead

2 Java almond

more than 13 Marquis 19 Judge's order 21 Finale



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WORLD

Iraq publishes details of attempts on Saddam's life

sident Saddam Hussein has survived seven assassination attempts over the past 15 years, his intelligence chief says in a newlypublished book

Barzan Tikriti, who is also Hussein's brother, says in his book titled simply "Attempts to Assassinate President Saddam Hussein" that the first try was made in January 1969 and the latest early last year.

The (89-page book published by Al-Dar Al-Arabia (Arab Printing Press. Baghdad) has just gone on public sale in Iraq.

Mr. Tikriti accuses several organisations and states of implication in the various attempts. including the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA). the Israeli intelligence agency Mossad, Iran, Syria, the fundamentalist Muslim Brotherhood and Iraq's underground Al-Daawa (the call)

The book says that among those

ministers, a deputy prime minister and several eabinet members who had also belonged to traq's ruling Revolutionary Command Council

As 10 the fate of the plotters, the book says only that those involved got their just penalty."

However the Iraqi media has published reports on the executions of some of them, including former Deputy Prime Minister and Planning Minister Adnan Hussein, Industry and Minerals Minister Mobammad Ayish, both of whom were RCC members, and senior RCC official Ghanim

Mr. Tikriti accuses Adnan Hussein and his group of having had secret contacts with Syria to plot a coup in 1979 but says they were caught red-handed.

According to Mr. Tikriti. the first assassination attempt in January 1969 involved former Prime Minister Abdul-Rahman Al-

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq's Pre- involved were two former prime Bazzaz and followed the Baath Party coup the previous July which brought the late President Ahmad Hasan At-Bakr to power.

Saddam Hussein now 45, played a prominent role in the coup and was number two to President Bakr until becoming president on the latter's retirement for health reasons in 1979.

Mr. Tikriti says the second plot in December 1970 was masterminded by an American and involved the CtA. Iranisn intelligence. Israeli intelligence and the late Kurdish rebel leader Mustapha Barzani.

The Iraqi intelligence chief said the ranks of the plotters had been infiltrated and they were all rounded up on the day they planned to carry out their coup.

He said the next assassination plot was led by the former director-general of Iraqi security. Nazim Gizar, in June 1473,

Other senior Iraqi officials were involved in the attempt, which was agent.

then President Bakr and Hussein returned from a visit to Bulgaria. The plot was foiled due to a mis-

take in timing and a loss of nerve by the man named as the assassin when he saw extra security guards at the airport.

Mr. Tikriti blames other assssination attempts on the Muslim brotherhood. who he said had planned to kill President Hussein when he visited a Baghdad hos-pital in August 1979, and on Al-Daawa Party members who planned their attempt for July

He said one intelligence agent was killed by a grenade explosion as security men closed in to cap-ture the Al-Daawa ploners. Al-Daawa is a pro-Iranian Shi'ite organisation fighting for an Islamic republic in Iraq.

For the most recent attempt, early last year. he accuses a Syrian

U.K. Conservatives hold swinging U.S.-style rally

Minister Margaret Thatcher, increasingly confident of winning a second term of office in Thursday's election, kept up the attack on the Labour opposition at a noisy. American-style rally.

In the last week of the campaign, she made clear she still considered Labour the main challenger to her Conservative Party and barely mentioned the Liberal-Social Democratic Alliance despite its improved showing in the latest opinion polls.

A succession of British television, stage and sports stars roused some 2,400 young supporters into wild enthusiasm at Sunday's

LONDON (R) - British Prime change the pattern of future British election campaigns.

> Mrs. Thatcher's confidence was backed up by opinion polls in Sunday newspapers which pointed to a landslide victory. They gave the ruling party an average 45 per cent support to Labour's 29,5 and the Alliance's 23.5

> Labour leader Michael Foot told tens of thousands of people ata rally in London's Hyde Park. Sunday not to be misled by the polls and suggested his party could

Deputy Labour leader Denis Healey told reporters Sunday night people were deeply worried it was a remarkably adept piece of political salesmanship which could wingers. at a big Conservative win which

Finnish leader to renew treaty while in Moscow

MOSCOW (RI — Finnish President Mauno Koivisto arrived in and a high-level delegation rep-Moscow Monday on a five-day state visit highlighted by extension of the treaty that forms the basis of Finland's carefully cultivated relations with its giant neighbour.

Mr. Koivisto was welcomed at the airport by Soviet Prime Minister Nikolai Tikhonov and Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. Accompanying the president

resenting the country's main political parties and the business community.

The Finnish-Soviet treaty of friendship, cooperation and mutual assistance was to be extended Monday for a further 20 years.

The treaty was first signed in 1948 after the Soviet Union and Finland had fought two wars.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

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AVOID HIM LIKE THE PLAGUE

Botb vulnerable. South deals. NORTH • 6 ♥KQ62 OKS43 **♣** KJ96 EAST + QJ9853 **+742** ♥ A 1098 ♦ AJ106 **+**753 **+** 82 SOUTH ◆ AK 10

♦ Q952 4 A Q 104 The bidding bas proceeded: South Weat North East 1 NT Pass 2 4 Pass 2 O Pass 3 NT Pass Opening lead: Queen of .

Some defenders are eager to adversely affect your financial well-being. The prudent course is to give them a wide berth.

North-South reached their optimum contract in straightforward fashion. When his Stayman inquiry elicited the information that South did not have a fourcard major suit, North briefly considered probing for an alternative contract in one of his minors. However, since this course risked a possible partnership misunderstanding, North decided to settle for the no trump game.

That was no snap after West led a apade bonor. Declarer had only six fast tricks, and the enemy held the aces in the suits declarer would have to develop for bis contract. In addition. declarer would have to strive to keep East off lead until he had developed three tricks. because be could not stand a lead through bia apade tenace.

However, careful tecbnique prevailed. Declarer won the ace of spades, cashed the ace of clubs and overtook the queen of clubs with the king. Now he led a low heart from dummy. If West beld the ace and won the trick, he would not be able to continue the spade attack without yielding declarer his ninth

As the carda lie, East has the ace of bearts, but he could not afford to rise with that card-that would have given declarer three beart tricks and bis contract. When the jack of hearts won. declarer crossed back to the table by overtaking the ten of clubs with the jack and now led a diamond. Since East would again be giving declarer bis ninth trick, he had to duck again.

With two red tricks in the bank to go with his six tricks in the blacks, declarer simply continued by leading a heart to the king. That was his ninth trick (be atill bad a club entry to dummy'a high heart) and a just reward for careful

Kashmir looks for victor amidst charges of rigging

SRINAGAR, Kashmir (R) — Counting started Monday in the Himalayan mountain state of and charges of vote rigging during local assembly elections.

Dozens of people were hurt in brawling during polling. But police said voting in most parts of Srinagar. India's sensitive frontier state bordering Pakistan and China went off without a hitch.

Spokesmen for Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's Congress (1) Party reported clashes in several parts of the capital. Srinagar. Eyewitnesses said there were a number of incidents in other parts said.

The Congress and the Kashmir-based National Con-Jammu and Kashmir after fighting ference Party, which has ruled the predominantly Muslim state for the past eight years, made rival allegations of vote-rigging in several constituencies, particularly in

There were also conflicting accounts of the numbers injured. The Congress claimed up to 250 casualties among its supporters but independent reports said about 511 people were hurt.

Full results will not be available until Wednesday, election officials

Delhi fire traps dozens

NEW DELHI (R) - About 30 people were feared trapped in a blazing 13-storey office block in west Delhi Monday after helicopters swooped in to rescue sur-

Police said most of the 250 people inside the building fled to safety or were saved by air force helicopters hovering just above the roof. At least 40 people were treated

for injuries, but police were not sure whether there were any casualties among the people still in the building, called Gopala Tow-

Flames could be seen on the sixth floor as 40 fire engines fought to put out the fire still raging five hours after it broke out at

The cause of the fire, which apparently started in the basement. was not immediately Many survivors were evacuated

from the roof by a rope ladder linked to a neighbouring building. Fire brigade officials said one killed while rescuing people from the seventh floor.

The Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency reported that some people still trapped on the roof had managed to send a written message to firemen asking for water to quench their thirst.

Some were reported to have fainted from a combination of heat from the blaze and from the

S. Africa reprieves 3 blacks

their sentences commuted to life imprisonment. but three others Johannesburg police station. will be executed on Thursday, State President Marais Viljoen announced Monday.

All six men were members of the banned African National

Congress (ANC). The three reprieved Monday six men from execution.

CAPE TOWN (R) — Three were sentenced to hang in 1981 South African blacks condemned for attacking a secret oilto death for high treason have had from-coal installation and other guerrilla raids, including one on a

The Christian Society for the Abolition of Capital Punishment and the London-based human rights organisation Amnesty Intemational had organised an intemational campaign to save the

Salvadorean rebels destroy one more vital communications centre SAN SALVADOR (R) - Sal-The attack on the complex followed a raid last week in which complex contained microwave

the country.

satellite and radio receiving equ-

ipment and controlled telephone.

telex and television com-

munication for the eastern half of

Spokesmen for the Salvadorean

state communications company.

Aniel, were not available for

comment. U.S. jelevision network

representatives in Et Salvador said

Antel had confirmed the attack.

The netowrks were unable to tra-

through the station.

evision services

vadorean leftist guerrillas have destroyed a second communications centre within a weck and cut national and international communications in the eastern half of the country, the insurgent

radio said Sunday night.

The rebel broadcasting station. Radio Venccremos (we shall overeome], said saboreurs destroyed with bombs and fire the Pacaval communications complex on the top of the Charparrastique volcano in the eastern province on San Miguel.

(t said the guerrillas killed (5 and captured three of the 670 government troops guarding the complex in a pre-dawn raid Sun-

'Torch Song' named best of Broadway

NEW YORK (R) - "Torch Song Trilogy," a three and a half-hour play about the tortured life of a homosexual, Sunday night won the Antoinette Perry Award as the year's best brnadway production. The awards, known as "the Tony's," are Broadway's equ-

ivalent of the Oscars. The play, written by and starring Harvey Fierstein, was an upset victor, beating this year's winner of the Pultizer Prize for drama, "Night Mother," by Marsha Norman and the widely acclaimed British play, "Plenty" by David Hare.

The Tony award for best choreography went to Tommy Tune and Thommie Walsh for "My One And Only," the Gersbwin musical starring Tune and the British actress Twiggy.

Trevor Nunn, director of 'Cats," based on T.S. Eliot's poems about cats, was named best director of a musical.

T.S. Eliot wun the Tony award for best book for a musical for "Cats," even though he died in 1965, years before anyone dreamed of making his children's book "Old Possum's Book of Practical Cats" into a musical. The man who did that, British

composer Andrew Lloyd-Webber, won the Tony for the most nutstanding original score of the season for "Cats" and he immediately thanked Mr. Eliot, whose words were used for all the lyrics in

> meeting would be a reaffirmation of NATO's determination to begin deploying 572 Pershing II and cruisc missiles in Europe in December unless the United States and the Soviet Union agreed to

pted in a spirit of unity by the leaders of the seven major noncommunist industrial states at weekend.

meeting in Brussels.

But Greece's socialist ernment, which opposes nuclear arms, refused to sign the defence ministers' communique. And Denmark added a reservation notthere is progress in the arms talks. U.S. officials predicted the two countries would take the same positions in the foreign ministers'

statement due on Friday. They said other major topics for

The Madrid session, meeting on and off for two and a half years. has been unable to reach agreement on an adjournment resolution taking note of human rights pledges made at the Helsinki security conference in 1975.

BRIEF guerrillas overran an important military communications station act as mediator on the Cacaguatique volcano in the eastern Morazan Province.

The guerrillas held the station until last Friday. Military spokesmen said government troops

retook the peak on Saturday. The guerrilla radio also said that in five days of fighting around the volcano. guerrillas killed or wounded 399 government troops.

nsmit their videotape to the U.S. It said that with the destruction of the two stations, military com-Radio Venceremos said the entmunications were "seriously affire easiern half of El Salvador was ected" in the entire eastern half of the country, where guerrilla forces without telephone, telex and telwere strongesi.

Rebels enter Nicaragua

MANAGUA (R) - Right-wing rebel forces fighting to overthrow Nicaragua's leftist government have launched their biggest attack in two weeks, sending 6110 Honduran-based guerrillas into Nicaragua, government radio

The government's Voice of Nicaragua broadcasting station said Sunday night that the rebel force. backed by covering fire Segovia but were repulsed after from Honduran army artillery. several days of intense combat.

penetrated 1.5 kilometres Sunday into Nicaragua's Nueva Segovia border province.

The broadcast said there was heavy fighting between the rebeis and Nicaraguan troops, but it have no details on casualties.

Military officials in Managua said Sunday's rebel attack was the biggest since May 21, when 1,200 right-wing rebels attacked Nueva Segovia but were repulsed after

Burma attacks separatists

BANGKOK (R) - Burmese tro- The sources said more than (KNLA) near the Thai border. the shelling. military sources said Monday.

Thursday and was still going on. sources said.

ops have launched heavy mortar 2,000 civilians living in villages attacks on two strongholds of the near the KNLA strongholds fled Karen National Liberation Army into northwest Thailand to escape

A few dozen mortar rounds The offensive against the Karen landed on Thai territory Sunday separatist guerrillas started last but there were no casualties, the

Three people were reported

missing in Nantou, which was har-

dest hit by the storm, and police

Taiwan death toll reaches 24

TAIPEI (R) - Taiwan was war- --- two days. ned Monday to prepare for new rainstorms as the death toll in floods and landslides triggered by torrential downpours over the weekend rose to 24.

After more than 400 millimetres of rain fell on central Taiwan during the past three days. the weather bureau said a new front moving in from the Pacific should arrive Tuesday.

where they had been trapped for been damaged, they said,

said scores of others remained marooned in remote mountain areas. In the eastern coastal town of Taitung. relief workers rescued more than 50 people trapped while working in scattered oyster.

Officials said engineers were Troops assisted in relief work as working round the clock to repair army helicopters lifted scores of roads and bridges. Four bridges people from mountain areas near had been washed away, several Nantou County, central Taiwan. dykes had burst and highways had

Shultz to meet NATO envoys in Paris

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. officials expect a new demonstration of virtual unity among the Western allies when Secretary of State George Shultz meets fellow NATO foreign ministers in Paris this weck.

But high-ranking administration officials conceded that the chances for harmony were good because, while the wideranging agenda called for much discussion, no actual decisions on arms control or other potentially divisive matters were planned.

For example, the officials said it was unlikely conflicts between Washington and its allies over Western relations with the Soviet Union and Poland would surface in the two days of NATO talks which begin on Thursday. They said the main focus of the

limit intermediate-range nuclear weapons before then. A similar statement was ado-

their summit in Williamsburg last The NATO defence ministers took a similar stand at their recent

to posipone deployment unless

discussion would be stalled Madrid Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE). Western sanctions against Poland and a U.N. effort to negotiate withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan.

MADRID (R) — A Spanish aristocrat kidnapped 73 days ago by Basque guerrillas was released safe and well Monday on the outskints of Madrid, police said. Diego Prado y Colon de Carvajal. 53, a descendant of the explorer Christopher Columbus, waved down a car in the Madrid suburb of Coslada shortly after midnight. and asked to be taken to a nearby police station, they said. After brief questioning at the police station. Prado returned home but was too tired to comment on his

Nude tattoo means loss of job

(R) - Andrew Weston has lost his job in a fast-food restaurant because the nude blonde tattooed on. his arm put the customers off their burgers. "I can't understand how anyone could object to a little nine-inch tattoo of a lovely naked lady," said 17-year-old Weston. He says he may sue for imfair dismissal. A spokesman for the restaurant said: "Andrew did not meet our standards of appearance. His arm was offensive.

Greek communist army leader returns home after 34 years exile

By Bruce Clark Reuter

ATHENS - Newly returned from 34 years' exile in the Soviet Union, the man who commanded the communists in Greece's 1946-49 Civil War is as energetic and politically active as ever.

Aged 77. and suffering from a cataract as well as chronic asthma. Markos Vafiades has seemingly never atopped giving interviews and meeting fellow leftists since he returned seven weeks ago from the Soviet city of Penza, where he spent most of his exile working in a

walch factory.

He has been urging Greece's two rival Communist Parties to unite. calling for reconciliation among all Greeks, and giving new details about a Civil War which is widely agreed to have been the most tragic episode in modern Greek history.

Papandreou's amnesty

Mr. Vafiades is the best-known figure to have taken advantage of a decision announced last Christmas day by Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou to let Civil War refugees return freely from the Soviet bloc states where they

The Socialist prime minister made the announcement as part of

his policy of trying to heal the so-called "national split" between left and right that has marked post-war Greece.

Mr. Vafiades himself says he whole heartedly back that policy. and he is encouraged by the reconciliation that has already taken "Time is steadily taking away the bitterness and hatred -- a spi-

forward." he said in Salonika this week. answering questions submitted by Reuters. "The repatriation of the refugees will contribute even more to the healing of the split -- it means

rit of unity is beginning to move

a whole chapter is closing."

30,000 refugees abroad Mr. Vafiades is concerned that many of the 30,000 refugees living in the Eastern bloc when Mr. Papandreou made his decision are still unable to return because Athens has yet to agree on the transfer of their pensions with the stetes

involved But in general he said. "the refugees will certainly help bridge the national division -- they're returning with new ideas and a

new mentality." He has proposed a meeting with Gen. Thrasyboulos Tzakolotos, wbo commanded the government forces against him, and the general has agreed in principle.

Greece's communist movement, which played a key role in resisting the German occupation forces during World War II, set up "democratic army" under Mr. Vafiades' command in late 1946. after refusing to take part in general elections. For the next two years, the army

oughout most of the country, but in a series of fierce battles it failed to take any major towns. By the time#the Westernbacked central government routed the communist forces in 1949. at least 80,000 people had been killed, 700,000 had been upr-

was able to move freely thr-

country was poverty-stricken and deeply divided. Sour memories

ooted from their homes, and the

Mr. Vafiades' memories of the war are particularly sour. Throughout the conflict, he was locked in acrimonious disputes with the Communist Party's secretary-general. Nicos Zachariades, over every aspect of tac-

tics and strategy.

In the final months of the war. Mr. Zachariades managed to have him ignominously overthrown. forcing him to leave for the Soviet Union. Mr. Zachariades himself was disgraced in 1956, bul Mr. Vafiades has never been formally rehabilitated.

could have ended much earlier and more happily had it not been for the secretary-general's fanaricism.

He says that in June 1948, when the fighting was looking unwinnable for either side, the Athens government sent an American. iournalist across the lines to discuss peace terms -- only to be told by Mr. Zachariades that the only thing he would discuss was the trial of the government for war crimes.

Mr. Vafiades is sure a settlement satisfactory to both sides could have been reached then sparing Greece much of its postwar division and recrimination. Concrete suggestions were put to us, but unfortunately we rejected them." he said.

As it was, the fighting dragged on for another 12 months before the remnants of the communist army was forced back across the Albanian border.

Communists still divided

Although Mr. Vafiades' calls for general reconcidation match the mood of many non-communist Grecks, be faces a seemingly impossible task in his efforts to promote unity among the communists

Since a dispute in 1968, there erstanding of the past."

Mr. Vafiades now says the war have been two Greek communist movements -- a pro-Moscow party, which has won up to 18 per cent of the vote in major cities. and a Eurocommuniat Party. much less significant electorally but backed by some prominent

intellectuals.
Mr. Vafiades is considered closer to the Eurocommunist Party but has said he will not join either until they reunite. At meetings with officials of both parties, he has repeatedly urged them to bury their differences.

He spoke in Salonika of his dis-

may at the mutual hatred he had

found in the communist camp. It's absolutely essential that we get rid of this bitterness. if we are to progress." he said. But commentators say that altbough cooperation between the two parties might improve at local level, there is little prospect of a

reconciliation between their lea-

derships. Despite this. Mr. Vafiades says it is good to be back.

'Greece has changed enormously since I left it, certainly for the better," he told Reuters. "Popular freedoms have been restored, and workers' living sta-

ndards are quite a bit higher than they were before. In buman relations, things bave improved as well -- there is greater und-

NEWS IN

Hawke willing to

JAKARTA (R) - Australia is in a unique position to help settle the Kampuchean problem because it can talk to Vietnam and has exellent relations with ASEAN (Association of South East Asian Nations) countries. China and the United States, visiting Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke said.

Australia wanted Vietnam brought back into the community of nations and no longer in virtual isolation except for its relations with the Soviet Union. Mr. Hawke told a news conference. He said Australia was willing to mediate between the ASEAN nations and Vietnam by taking an ASEAN message to Hanoi.

Moscow wants cordial ties. Harriman says

WASHINGTON (R) - Soviet leader Yuri Andropov has said he wants the U.S. and Moscow to return to the friendship they had during World War II. former U.S. ambassador in Moscow Averell Harriman said. Mr. Harriman. who served in Moscow during the war, and his wife had a private 80-minute meeting with Mr. And-ropov last week which they called direct and frank, "He wants to get back on a relationship which he described as our intimacy during the war. And be said, 'you were part of it and together we beat Hitler and we want to get back to that same sort of relationship"." Mr. Harriman said during an ABC tel-evision interview. Asked if there were a single problem that stood out as being of major concern to Mr. Andropov. Mr. Harriman replied: "Yes, the normalisation of relations." He said the U.S. should seize the chance to improve

At least 67 die in Indian heatwave

NEW DELHI (R) - At least 67 people have died, many from sunstroke, in a heat wave that has scorched parts of India for the past two weeks. Twenty--five people dled in the past three days in the northern state of Bihar, bringing the state's death toll from the heat wave to 33, the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency said. In the western state of Maharashtra. 19 people have died in the heat wave which killed nine children last Saturday, the agency reported.

Fasting politician given first-aid

SEOUL (R) -- Former opposition leader Kim Young-Sam Monday received first-aid medical treatment for the second time since he started a hunger strike 211 days ago to press for the restoration of democracy in South Korea, aides said. A spokesman for Mr. Kim. a former presidential contender, said doctors at the Seoul national university had warned him against stopping first aid as he was nearing a point of no return. Mr. Kim was given first aid, an injection of dextrose water. for the first time last Saturday, but refused further medication.

Kidnapped Spanish aristocrat released

WOLVERHAMPTON. England